

## **Rabbit Anti-Nestin antibody**

SL0006R

Product Name:	Nestin
Chinese Name:	巢蛋白/神经上皮Stem cells蛋白抗体
Alias:	ESTM 46; FLJ 21841; FLJ21841; Intermediate filament protein; Nbla00170; Nes; NEST_HUMAN; Nestin.
文献引用	Specific References(1) SL0006R has been referenced in 1 publications.
	[IF=1.29]Fan, Lixing, et al. "Directed differentiation of aged human bone marrow
Pub	multipotent stem cells effectively generates dopamine neurons."?In Vitro Cellular &
:	Developmental Biology-Animal?(2013): 1-9.Human.
	PubMed:24163158
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	178kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Nestin:801-900/1621
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of

	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
	There are a certain number of neural stem cells, which can be potentially differentiated into the neurons or neuroglia, in the adult mammalian brain. These neural precursors are located in the subependymal cell layer of the ventricle. Those precursors isolated from embryonic brain can be divided and differentiated into the neurons and glia in vitro and this is regulated by a series of growth-factor actions.
	<ul> <li>Function: Required for brain and eye development. Promotes the disassembly of phosphorylated vimentin intermediate filaments (IF) during mitosis and may play a role in the trafficking and distribution of IF proteins and other cellular factors to daughter cells during progenitor cell division. Required for survival, renewal and mitogen-stimulated proliferation of neural progenitor cells (By similarity).</li> <li>Subunit: Forms homodimers and homotetramers in vitro. In mixtures with other intermediate filament proteins such as vimentin and alpha-internexin, tis protein preferentially forms beterodimers which can assemble to form intermediate filaments if nestin does not</li> </ul>
	exceed 25%. Interacts with FHOD3 (By similarity). Tissue Specificity: CNS stem cells
Product Detail:	<b>Post-translational modifications:</b> Constitutively phosphorylated. This increases during mitosis when the cytoplasmic intermediate filament network is reorganized.
	Similarity: Belongs to the intermediate filament family. SWISS:
	Gene ID: 10763
	Database links:
	Entrez Gene: 10763Human
	Entrez Gene: 18008 Mouse
	Entrez Gene: 25491Rat

Omim: 600915Human
SwissProt: P48681Human
SwissProt: Q6P5H2Mouse
SwissProt: P21263Rat
Unigene: 527971Human
Unigene: 331129Mouse
Unigene: 9701Rat
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<b>Important Note:</b> This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
结构蛋白(Structural Proteins)
Neural Stem Cell Marker (神经Stem cellsMaker)
在动物体早期发育过程中,中枢神经系统发育尤为重要。Nestin是一种中等纤维蛋白,它在哺乳动物神经前体细胞中表达较高,目前已被广 泛用于神经前体细胞的重要标志分子。研究Nestin的表达调控规律,将有助于人们 认识神经前体细胞的生物特性。此抗体还表达中枢神经系统Stem cells及神经epithelial cells。
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