

# Rabbit Anti-phospho-CREB-1 (Ser133) antibody

## SL0036R

Product Name:	phospho-CREB-1 (Ser133)
Chinese Name:	磷酸化CREB-1抗体
Alias:	CREB(Phospho-Ser133); p-CREB-1(Ser133); CREB (phospho S133); pCREB-1(Ser133); p-CREB (phospho S133); Active transcription factor CREB; cAMP response element binding protein; cAMP responsive element binding protein 1; CREB1; CREB 1; CREB1; MGC9284; Transactivator protein; CREB; CREB1 HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Cow, Sheep,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800Flow-
	Cyt=1µg/TestIF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	37kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleus
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human CREB-1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser133:RP(p-S)YR
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year
	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	The ATF/CREB family consists of transcription factors that function through binding to
	the cAMP responsive element (CRE) palindromic octanucleotide, TGACCTCA. The

best characterized members of this gene family include CREB-1, CREB-2, ATF-1,ATF-2,ATF-3 and ATF-4. these transcription factors share highly-related COOH terminal leucine zipper demerization and basic DNA bindings but are highly divergent in their amino terminal domains. Although each of the ATF/CREB proteins bind CREs in their homodimeric form, in cerain instances they also bind as heterodimers, both within the ATF/CREB family and with members of the AP-1 transcription factor family. It has recentlybeen shown that protein kinase A-mediated CREB phosphorylation results in its binding to a 265kDa nuclear protein designated CBP (CREB-binding protein), which may reprecent a CREB co-activator.

#### **Function:**

Phosphorylation-dependent transcription factor that stimulates transcription upon binding to the DNA cAMP response element (CRE), a sequence present in many viral and cellular promoters. Transcription activation is enhanced by the TORC coactivators which act independently of Ser-133 phosphorylation. Involved in different cellular processes including the synchronization of circadian rhythmicity and the differentiation of adipose cells.independently of Ser-133 phosphorylation. Involved in different cellular processes including the synchronization of circadian rhythmicity and the differentiation of adipose cells. [SUBUNIT] Interacts with PPRC1. Binds DNA as a dimer. This dimer is stabilized by magnesium ions. Interacts, through the bZIP domain, with the coactivators TORC1/CRTC1, TORC2/CRTC2 and TORC3/CRTC3. When phosphorylated on Ser-133, binds CREBBP (By similarity). Interacts with CREBL2; regulates CREB1 phosphorylation, stability and transcriptional activity (By similarity). Interacts (phosphorylated form) with TOX3. Interacts with ARRB1. Binds to HIPK2. Interacts with SGK1.

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#### **Subcellular Location:**

Nucleus.

#### **Post-translational modifications:**

Stimulated by phosphorylation. Phosphorylation of both Ser-133 and Ser-142 in the SCN regulates the activity of CREB and participates in circadian rhythm generation. Phosphorylation of Ser-133 allows CREBBP binding (By similarity). CREBL2 positively regulates phosphorylation at Ser-133 thereby stimulating CREB1 transcriptional activity (By similarity). Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Phosphorylated upon calcium influx by CaMK4 and CaMK2 on Ser-133. CaMK4 is much more potent than CaMK2 in activating CREB. Phosphorylated by

CaMK2 on Ser-142. Phosphorylation of Ser-142 blocks CREB-mediated transcription even when Ser-133 is phosphorylated. Phosphorylated by CaMK1 (By similarity). Phosphorylation of Ser-271 by HIPK2 in response to genotoxic stress promotes CREB1 activity, facilitating the recruitment of the coactivator CBP. Phosphorylated at Ser-133 by RPS6KA3, RPS6KA4 and RPS6KA5 in response to mitogenic or stress stimuli. Sumoylated with SUMO1. Sumoylation on Lys-304, but not on Lys-285, is required for nuclear localization of this protein. Sumoylation is enhanced under hypoxia, promoting nuclear localization and stabilization.

#### **DISEASE:**

Defects in CREB1 may be a cause of angiomatoid fibrous histiocytoma (AFH) [MIM:612160]. A distinct variant of malignant fibrous histiocytoma that typically occurs in children and adolescents and is manifest by nodular subcutaneous growth. Characteristic microscopic features include lobulated sheets of histiocyte-like cells intimately associated with areas of hemorrhage and cystic pseudovascular spaces, as well as a striking cuffing of inflammatory cells, mimicking a lymph node metastasis. Note=A chromosomal aberration involving CREB1 is found in a patient with angiomatoid fibrous histiocytoma. Translocation t(2;22)(q33;q12) with CREB1 generates a EWSR1/CREB1 fusion gene that is most common genetic abnormality in this tumor type.

Note=A CREB1 mutation has been found in a patient with multiple congenital anomalies consisting of agenesis of the corpus callosum, cerebellar hypoplasia, severe neonatal respiratory distress refractory to surfactant, thymus hypoplasia, and thyroid follicular hypoplasia (PubMed:22267179).

#### Similarity:

Belongs to the bZIP family.

Contains 1 bZIP domain.

Contains 1 KID (kinase-inducible) domain.

### **SWISS:**

P16220

#### Gene ID:

1385

#### Database links:

Entrez Gene: 281713Cow

Entrez Gene: 1385Human

Entrez Gene: 12912Mouse

Entrez Gene: 81646Rat

Omim: 123810Human

SwissProt: P27925Cow SwissProt: P16220Human SwissProt: Q01147Mouse SwissProt: P15337Rat <u>Unigene: 516646</u>Human Unigene: 453295 Mouse Unigene: 90061Rat **Important Note:** This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications. 磷酸化环腺苷酸应答元件Binding protein(p-cAMP responsive element binding protein-1, p-CREB-1)是真核细胞转录因子,属于ATF/CREB家族。参与由cAMP或某些病毒蛋白质所诱 导**基因**转录**的**调节。 phospho-CREB-1(Ser133) Picture: 25 -20 -17-11 -Sample:

Hela(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Hela-UV(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

293T(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

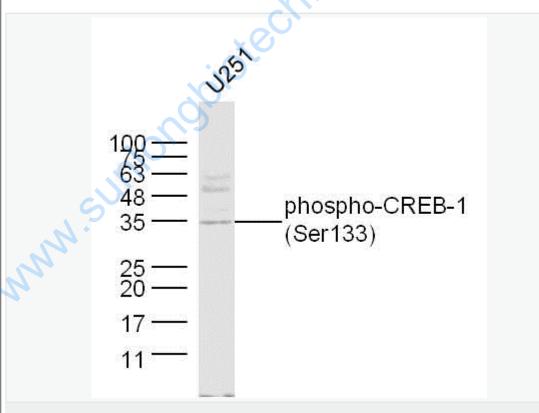
293T-UV(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-phospho-CREB-1(Ser133) (SL0036R) at 1/1000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 37 kD

Observed band size: 35 kD



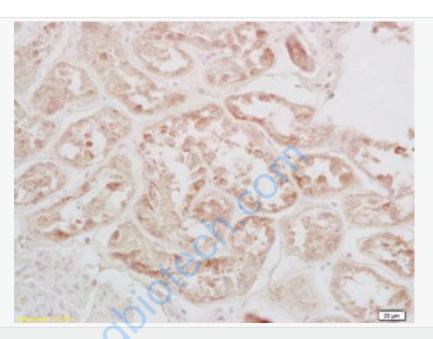
Sample: U251 Cell lysate at 30 ug;

Primary: Anti- phospho-CREB-1(Ser133) (SL0036R) at 1:300 dilution;

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size:35kD

Observed band size:37kD

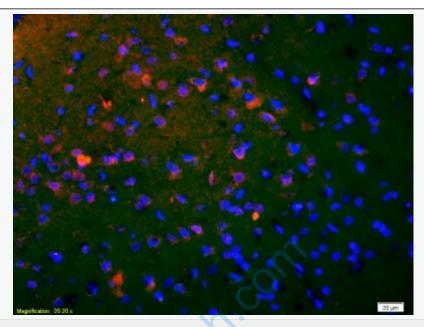


Tissue/cell:bs-0036R human kidney tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer ( 0.01M, pH 6.0 ), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

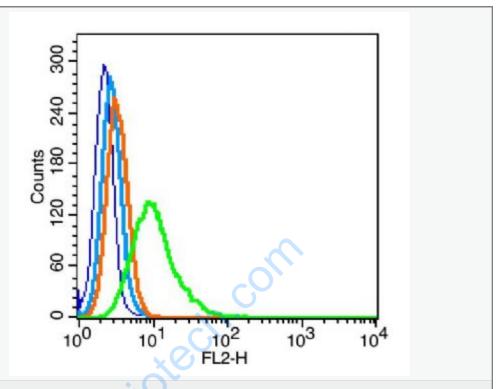
Incubation: Anti-phospho-CREB-1(Ser133) Polyclonal Antibody,

Unconjugated(SL0036R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue;4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;
Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer ( 0.01M, pH 6.0 ), Boiling bathing for 15min;
Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;
Incubation: Anti-phospho-CREB-1(Ser133) Polyclonal Antibody,
Unconjugated(SL0036R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C; The secondary antibody was Goat
Anti-Rabbit IgG, Cy3 conjugated (SL0036R)used at 1:200 dilution for 40 minutes at

37°C. DAPI(5ug/ml,blue,C-0033) was used to stain the cell nuclei



Blank control: RSC96(blue), the cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with ice-cold 90% methanol for 30 min on ice. Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG(orange); Secondary Antibody: Goat antirabbit IgG-PE(white blue), Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA; Primary Antibody Dilution: 1µg in 100 µL1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA(green).