



Rabbit Anti-COX7A2 antibody

SL0264R

Product Name:	COX7A2
Chinese Name:	细胞色素c氧化酶VIIA亚型2抗体
Alias:	COX7A2; Cytochrome c oxidase polypeptide VIIa-liver/heart; mitochondrial precursor (Cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIIa-L) (VIIaL); CX7A2_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Cow,Sheep,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:50-200 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	6.7kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmicThe cell membrane Mitochondrion
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human COX7A2:21-80/83
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Cytochrome c oxidase, the terminal component of the mitochondrial respiratory chain, catalyzes the electron transfer from reduced cytochrome c to oxygen. This component is a heteromeric complex consisting of three catalytic subunits encoded by mitochondrial genes, and multiple structural subunits encoded by nuclear genes. The mitochondrially-encoded subunits function in electron transfer, while the nuclear-encoded subunits may function in the regulation and assembly of the complex. This

nuclear gene encodes polypeptide 2 (liver isoform) of subunit VIIa, with this polypeptide being present in both muscle and non-muscle tissues. In addition to polypeptide 2, subunit VIIa includes polypeptide 1 (muscle isoform), which is present only in muscle tissues, and a related protein, which is present in all tissues. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 4 and 14. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009].

Function:

This protein is one of the nuclear-coded polypeptide chains of cytochrome c oxidase, the terminal oxidase in mitochondrial electron transport.

Subcellular Location:

Mitochondrion inner membrane

Similarity:

Belongs to the cytochrome c oxidase VIIa family.

SWISS:

P14406

Gene ID:

1347

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 1347](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 12866](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 29507](#) Rat

[Ensembl: 123996](#) Human

[UniProt: P14406](#) Human

[UniProt: P48771](#) Mouse

[UniProt: P35171](#) Rat

[Ensembl: 70312](#) Human

[Ensembl: 152627](#) Mouse

[Ensembl: 1745](#) Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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