

## Rabbit Anti-SLC1A5 antibody

## SL0473R

Product Name:	SLC1A5
Chinese Name:	溶质携带物家族-1抗体
Alias:	SLC1A5; (glutamate transporter), member 7; R16; AAAT; ATBO; M7V1; RDRC; ASCT2; M7VS1; FLJ31068; Baboon M7 virus receptor; RD114/simian type D retrovirus receptor; Sodium-dependent neutral amino acid transporter type 2; Solute carrier family 1 member 5; Neutral amino acid transporter B(0); ATB(0); RD114/simian type D retrovirus receptor; Sodium-dependent neutral amino acid transporter type 2; AAAT HUMAN.
文献引用	Specific References(1) SL0473R has been referenced in 1 publications.
-	[IF=1.78]Huang, Fang, et al. "Upregulated SLC1A5 promotes cell growth and survival
Pub Med	in colorectal cancer." International Journal of Clinical and Experimental Pathology 7.9
:	(2014): 6006.IHC-P;Human.
	PubMed:25337245
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800Flow-Cyt=3ug/test (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	56kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SLC1A5:465-515/541
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A

0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
<u>PubMed</u>
solute carrier family 1 (neutral amino acid transporter), member 5. mediates infections of RD114 feline endogenous virus, baboon endogenous virus and type D simian retroviruses; baboon M7 virus receptor; RD114 virus receptor; neutral amino acid transporter B.
Function: Has a broad substrate specificity, a preference for zwitterionic amino acids, and a sodium-dependence. It accepts as substrates all neutral amino acids, including glutamine, asparagine, and branched-chain and aromatic amino acids, and excludes methylated amino acids, anionic amino acids, and cationic amino acids. Acts as a cell surface receptor for feline endogenous virus RD114, baboon M7 endogenous virus and type D simian retroviruses.
Subcellular Location:  Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein (Probable). Melanosome. Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.
Tissue Specificity: Placenta, lung, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, and intestine.
Similarity: Belongs to the sodium:dicarboxylate (SDF) symporter (TC 2.A.23) family. SLC1A5 subfamily.
SWISS: Q15758
Gene ID:
6510
Database links:
Entrez Gene: 6510Human
Entrez Gene: 20514 Mouse
Entrez Gene: 292657Rat
Omim: 109190Human
SwissProt: Q15758Human

SwissProt: P51912Mouse

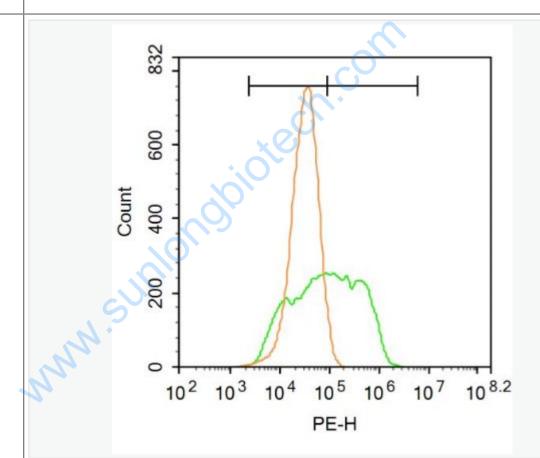
SwissProt: Q9Z1J7Rat

Unigene: 631582Human

Unigene: 1056Mouse

## **Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Blank control: A549.

Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-SLC1A5 antibody (SL0473R)

Dilution: 3µg/10^6 cells;

Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG.

Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE

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Dilution: 1µg /test.

Protocol

The cells were incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at at room temperature. Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.