

Rabbit Anti-PHD3 antibody

SL0532R

| Product Name: | PHD3 |
|------------------------|--|
| Chinese Name: | 脯氨酸羟化酶抗体 |
| Alias: | EGL9 homolog of C. elegans 3; EGLN3; Factor responsive smooth muscle protein; HIF Prolyl Hydroxylase 3; HIFP4H3; HIFPH3; P4H3; Prolyl Hydroxylase Domain Containing Protein 3; SM20. |
| Organism Species: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| React Species: | Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, |
| Applications: | WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100- |
| | 500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) |
| | not yet tested in other applications. |
| | optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user. |
| Molecular weight: | 26kDa |
| Cellular localization: | The nucleus |
| Form: | Lyophilized or Liquid |
| Concentration: | 1mg/ml |
| immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PHD3: |
| Lsotype: | IgG |
| Purification: | affinity purified by Protein A |
| Storage Buffer: | 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. |
| Storage: | Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year |
| | when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C. |
| PubMed: | <u>PubMed</u> |
| Product Detail: | PHD3 (Egl nine homolog 3; Hypoxia-inducible factor prolyl hydroxylase 3; HIF-prolyl hydroxylase 3; HIF-PH3; HPH-1; Egln3; Prolyl hydroxylase domain-containing protein 3;)Catalyzes the post-translational formation of 4-hydroxyproline in hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF) alpha proteins. Hydroxylates HIF-1 alpha at 'Pro-564', and HIF-2 alpha. |
| | Functions as a cellular oxygen sensor and, under normoxic conditions, targets HIF |

through the hydroxylation for proteasomal degradation via the von Hippel-Lindau ubiquitination complex. May play a role in cell growth regulation in muscle cells and in apoptosis in neuronal tissue. Promotes cell death through a caspase-dependent mechanism. [Catalytic Activity] An HIF alpha chain L-proline + 2-oxoglutarate+ O(2) = An HIF alpha chain trans-4-hydroxy-L-proline + succinate + CO(2). [Subcellular Location] Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Widely expressed at low levels. Expressed athigher levels in heart (cardiac myocytes, aortic endothelial cells and coronary artery smooth muscle) and placenta.

Function:

Cellular oxygen sensor that catalyzes, under normoxic conditions, the post-translational formation of 4-hydroxyproline in hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF) alpha proteins. Hydroxylates a specific proline found in each of the oxygen-dependent degradation (ODD) domains (N-terminal, NODD, and C-terminal, CODD) of HIF1A. Also hydroxylates HIF2A. Has a preference for the CODD site for both HIF1A and HIF2A. Hydroxylation on the NODD site by EGLN3 appears to require prior hydroxylation on the CODD site. Hydroxylated HIFs are then targeted for proteasomal degradation via the von Hippel-Lindau ubiquitination complex. Under hypoxic conditions, the hydroxylation reaction is attenuated allowing HIFs to escape degradation resulting in their translocation to the nucleus, heterodimerization with HIF1B, and increased expression of hypoxy-inducible genes. EGLN3 is the most important isozyme in limiting physiological activation of HIFs (particularly HIF2A) in hypoxia. Also hydroxylates PKM in hypoxia, limiting glycolysis. Under normoxia, hydroxylates and regulates the stability of ADRB2. Regulator of cardiomyocyte and neuronal apoptosis. In cardiomyocytes, inhibits the antiapoptotic effect of BCL2 by disrupting the BAX-BCL2 complex. In neurons, has a NGF-induced proapoptotic effect, probably through regulating CASP3 activity. Also essential for hypoxic regulation of neutrophilic inflammation. Plays a crucial role in DNA damage response (DDR) by hydroxylating TELO2, promoting its interaction with ATR which is required for activation of the ATR/CHK1/p53 pathway. Target proteins are preferencially recognized via a LXXLAP motif.

Subunit:

Interacts with WDR83; the interaction leads to almost complete elimination of HIF-mediated reporter activity. Interacts with BCL2 (via its BH4 domain); the interaction disrupts the BAX-BCL4 complex inhibiting the anti-apoptotic activity of BCL2. Interacts with ADRB2; the interaction hydroxylates ADRB2 facilitating its ubiquitination by the VHL-E3 ligase complex. Interacts with PAX2; the interaction targets PAX2 for destruction. Interacts with PKM; the interaction hydroxylates PKM in hypoxia.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Colocalizes with WDR83 in the cytoplasm.

Tissue Specificity:

Widely expressed at low levels. Expressed at higher levels in adult heart (cardiac myocytes, aortic endothelial cells and coronary artery smooth muscle), lung and

placenta, and in fetal spleen, heart and skeletal muscle. Also expressed in pancreas. Localized to pancreatic acini and islet cells.

Similarity:

Contains 1 Fe2OG dioxygenase domain.

SWISS: Q9H6Z9

Gene ID: 112399

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 112399Human

Entrez Gene: 112407 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 54702Rat

Omim: 606426Human

SwissProt: Q9H6Z9Human

SwissProt: Q91UZ4Mouse

SwissProt: Q62630Rat

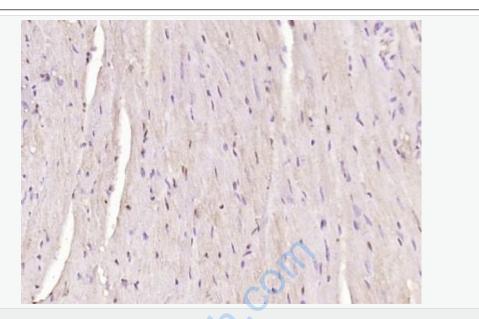
Unigene: 135507Human

Unigene: 133037 Mouse

Unigene: 10994Rat

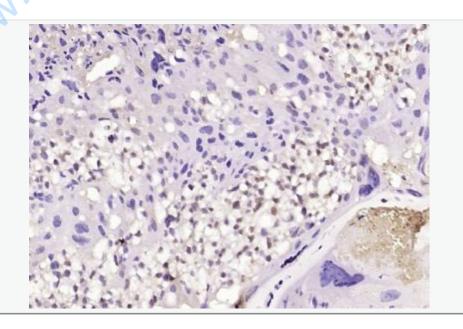
Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (mouse heart tissue); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (PHD3) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL0532R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

Picture:



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (mouse placenta tissue); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (PHD3) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL0532R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining. www.sunlonobiotech.ck