

Rabbit Anti-CDK6 antibody

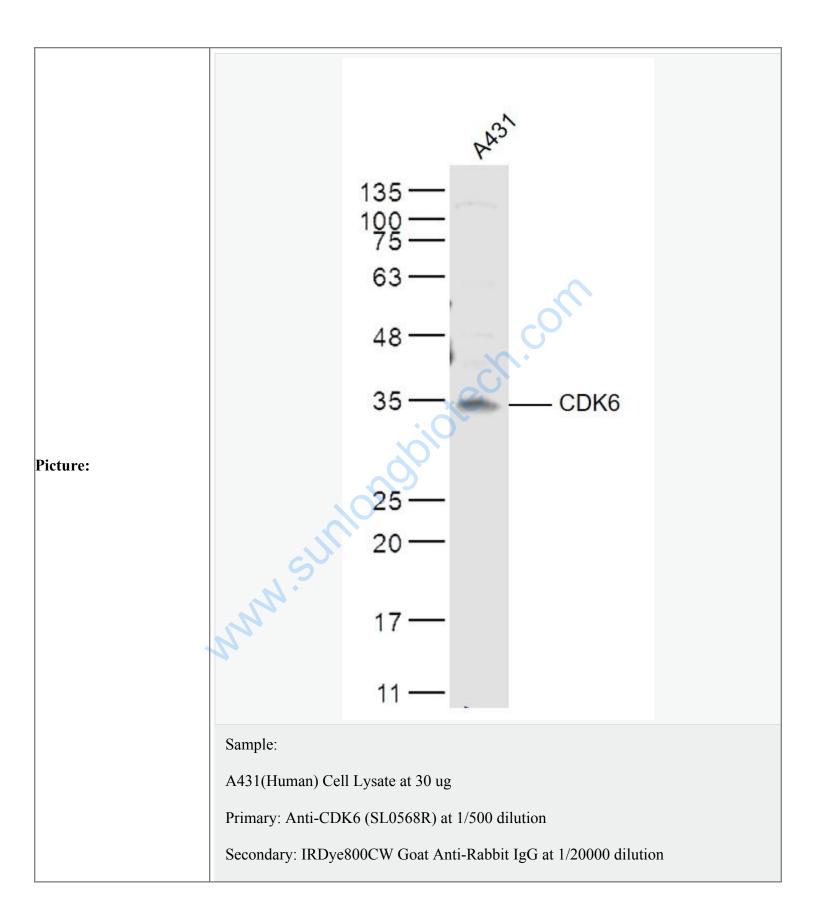
SL0568R

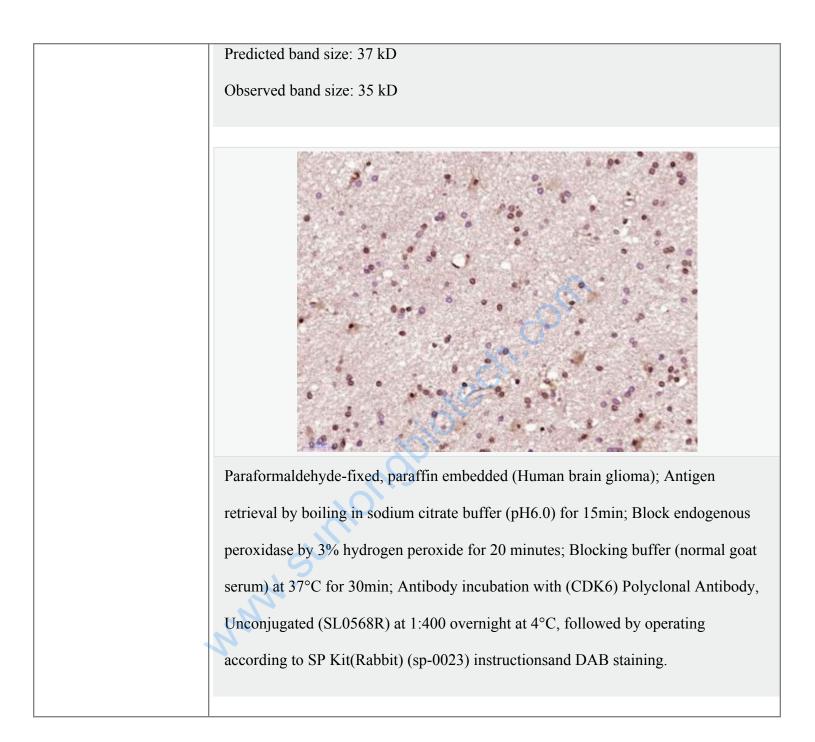
Product Name:	CDK6
Chinese Name:	周期素依赖性激酶6抗体
Alias:	CDK 6; CDK6; Cell division protein kinase 6; Crk 2; Crk2; Cyclin dependent kinase 6; Cyclin-dependent kinase 6; MGC59692; p40; PLSTIRE; Serine/threonine-protein kinase PLSTIRE; STQTL11; CDK6_HUMAN; PLSTIRE; Serine/threonine protein kinase PLSTIRE.
	Specific References(4) SL0568R has been referenced in 4 publications.
	[IF=2.84] Yang, Ning, et al. "SOX 1, contrary to SOX 2, suppresses proliferation,
	migration, and invasion in human laryngeal squamous cell carcinoma by inhibiting the
	Wnt/β-catenin pathway." Tumor Biology (2015): 1-11. WB;Human .
	PubMed:26040764
	[IF=3.74]Hu, Zheng, et al. "5-Aminolevulinic acid-mediated sonodynamic therapy
	induces anti-tumor effects in malignant melanoma via p53-miR-34a-Sirt1 axis." Journal
文献引用	of dermatological science 79.2 (2015): 155-162.WB;Mouse.
Pub	PubMed:25982144
:	[IF=5.42]He, Xiaoqin, et al. "Long non-coding RNA AK058003, as a precursor of miR-
	15a, interacts with HuR to inhibit the expression of Y-synuclein in hepatocellular
	carcinoma cells." Oncotarget 8.6 (2017): 9451.WB;Human.
	PubMed:28035067
	[IF=3.90]Zhang, Haifeng, et al. "The ClC-3 chloride channel protein is a downstream
	target of cyclin D1 in nasopharyngeal carcinoma cells." The international journal of
	biochemistry & cell biology 45.3 (2013): 672-683.
	PubMed:23270726

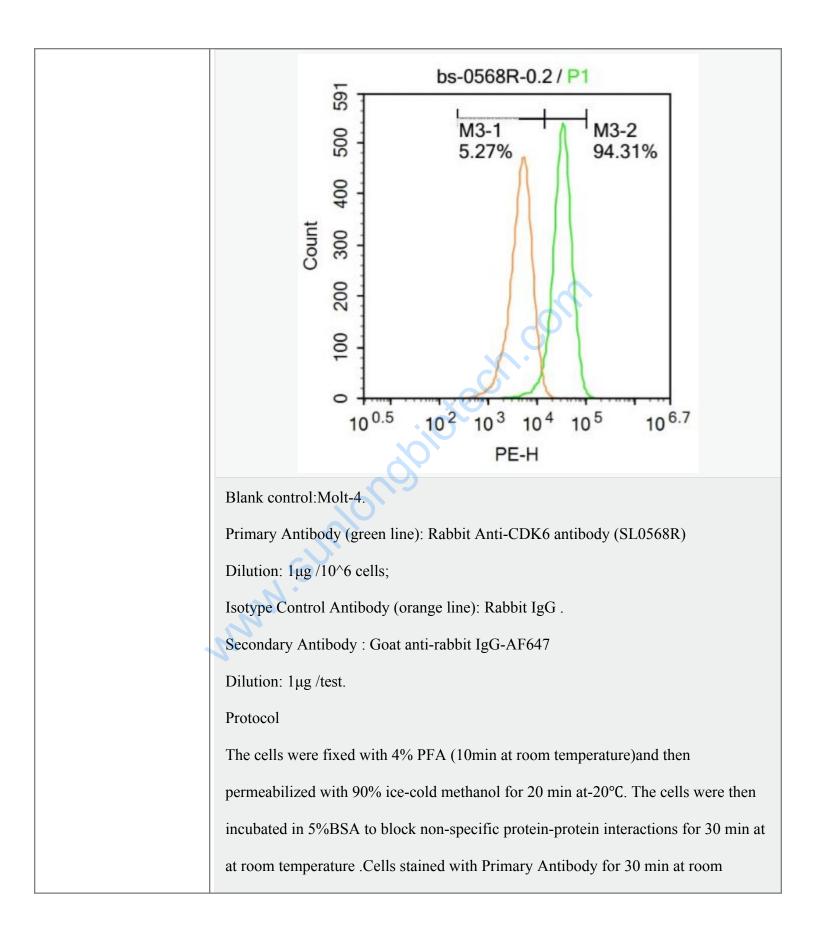
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Cow, Horse,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800Flow-
	Cyt=1ug/testIF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	37kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CDK6:21-110/326
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
Storage:	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year
Stor age.	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the cyclin-dependent protein kinase (CDK) family. CDK family members are highly similar to the gene products of Saccharomyces cerevisiae cdc28, and Schizosaccharomyces pombe cdc2, and are known to be important regulators of cell cycle progression. This kinase is a catalytic subunit of the protein kinase complex that is important for cell cycle G1 phase progression and G1/S transition. The activity of this kinase first appears in mid-G1 phase, which is controlled by the regulatory subunits including D-type cyclins and members of INK4 family of CDK inhibitors. This kinase, as well as CDK4, has been shown to phosphorylate, and thus regulate the activity of, tumor suppressor protein Rb.
Product Detail:	Function: Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in the control of the cell cycle and differentiation; promotes G1/S transition. Phosphorylates pRB/RB1 and NPM1. Interacts with D-type G1 cyclins during interphase at G1 to form a pRB/RB1 kinase and controls the entrance into the cell cycle. Involved in initiation and maintenance of cell cycle exit during cell differentiation; prevents cell proliferation and regulates negatively cell differentiation, but is required for the proliferation of specific cell types (e.g. erythroid and hematopoietic cells). Essential for cell proliferation within the dentate gyrus of the hippocampus and the subventricular zone of the lateral ventricles. Required during thymocyte development. Promotes the production of newborn neurons, probably by modulating G1 length. Promotes, at least in astrocytes, changes in patterns of gene expression, changes in the actin cytoskeleton including loss of stress fibers, and enhanced motility during cell differentiation. Prevents myeloid differentiation by interfering with RUNX1 and reducing its transcription transactivation activity, but promotes proliferation of normal myeloid progenitors. Delays senescence. Promotes the

proliferation of beta-cells in pancreatic islets of Langerhans.
Subunit: Interaction with D-type G1 cyclins. Cyclin binding promotes enzyme activation by phosphorylation at Thr-177. Binds to RUNX1, CDKN2D, FBXO7 and CDKN2C/p18- INK4c. Forms a cytoplasmic complex with Hsp90/HSP90AB1 and CDC37. FBXO7- binding promotes D-type cyclin binding. Interacts with Kaposi's sarcoma herpesvirus (KSHV) V-cyclin and herpesvirus saimiri (V-cyclin/ECLF2); the CDK6/V-cyclin complex phosphorylates NPM1 and thus lead to viral reactivation by reducing viral LANA levels.
Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell projection, ruffle. Note=Localized to the ruffling edge of spreading fibroblasts. Kinase activity only in nucleus.
Tissue Specificity: Expressed ubiquitously. Accumulates in squamous cell carcinomas, proliferating hematopoietic progenitor cells, beta-cells of pancreatic islets of Langerhans, and neuroblastomas. Reduced levels in differentiating cells.
Post-translational modifications: Thr-177 phosphorylation and Tyr-24 dephosphorylation promotes kinase activity. Similarity:
Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CMGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. CDC2/CDKX subfamily. Contains 1 protein kinase domain.
SWISS: Q00534
Gene ID: 1021
Database links:
Entrez Gene: 1021Human
Entrez Gene: 12571Mouse
Entrez Gene: 114483Rat
<u>Omim: 603368</u> Human
<u>SwissProt: Q00534</u> Human
SwissProt: Q64261 Mouse
Unigene: 119882Human

Unigene: 31672Mouse
Unigene: 389058Mouse
Unigene: 399714Mouse
Unigene: 162731Rat
Important Note:
1
This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,
therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Cyclin Dependent Kinase 6(CDK6)—
周期素依赖性激酶6,是细胞周期在G1期向S期进展的关键因素之一.







temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature.
Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.

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