

Rabbit Anti-Thrombin receptor/ PAR1 antibody

SL0828R

| Product Name: | Thrombin receptor/ PAR1 |
|-------------------|--|
| Chinese Name: | 蛋白酶激活受体-1抗体 |
| Alias: | SAR; BXR; Proteinase-activated receptor 1 precursor; Thrombin receptor; Coagulation factor II receptor; D15S227E; Prader-Willi/Angelman region-1; PAR1; Coagulation factor II receptor; CF2R; Coagulation factor II (thrombin) receptor; F2R; HTR; PAR 1; PAR1; Protease activated receptor 1; Proteinase activated receptor; TR; PAR-1; Coagulation factor II receptor; Coagulation factor II receptor; PAR-1; PAR1; Porteinase activated receptor 1; Proteinase activated receptor 1; PAR-1; PAR1; PAR1; PAR1; PAR-1; Coagulation factor II receptor; Coagulation factor II receptor; PAR-1; PAR1; PAR1; PAR1; PAR1; PAR1; PAR1; PAR1; PAR1; PAR1; Coagulation factor II receptor; Coagulation factor II receptor; PAR-1; PAR1; P |
| | Specific References(3) SL0828R has been referenced in 3 publications. |
| | [IF=3.01]Liu, Rui, et al. "Identification of FLOT2 as a novel target for microRNA-34a |
| | in melanoma." Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology (2014): 1- |
| | 14.WB;Human. |
| | PubMed:25403318 |
| 文献引用 | [IF=2.31]Fan, Hai-Xia, et al. "Expression of MMP-1/PAR-1 and patterns of invasion in |
| Pub Med | oral squamous cell carcinoma as potential prognostic markers." OncoTargets and |
| : | therapy 8 (2015): 1619.IHC-P;Human. |
| | PubMed:26170698 |
| | [IF=3.53] Acton, David, and Gareth B. Miles. "Stimulation of Glia Reveals Modulation |
| | of Mammalian Spinal Motor Networks by Adenosine." PLOS ONE 10.8 (2015): |
| | e0134488.IHC-P;Mouse. |
| | PubMed:26252389 |
| Organism Species: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| React Species: | Human, Mouse, Rat, |

| Applications: | WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100- |
|------------------------|---|
| | 500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) |
| | not yet tested in other applications. |
| | optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user. |
| Molecular weight: | 42kDa |
| Cellular localization: | The cell membrane |
| Form: | Lyophilized or Liquid |
| Concentration: | 1mg/ml |
| immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PAR1:251- 350/425 <cytoplasmic></cytoplasmic> |
| Lsotype: | IgG |
| Purification: | affinity purified by Protein A |
| Storage Buffer: | 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. |
| Storage: | Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C. |
| PubMed: | PubMed |
| Product Detail: | Coagulation factor II receptor is a 7-transmembrane receptor involved in the regulation of thrombotic response. Proteolytic cleavage leads to the activation of the receptor. F2R is a G-protein coupled receptor family member. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] Function: High affinity receptor for activated thrombin coupled to G proteins that stimulate phosphoinositide hydrolysis. May play a role in platelets activation and in vascular development. Subcellular Location: Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Tissue Specificity: Platelets and vascular endothelial cells. Post-translational modifications: A proteolytic cleavage generates a new N-terminus that functions as a tethered ligand. Phosphorylated; probably mediating desensitization prior to the uncoupling and internalization of the receptor. Similarity: Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family. SWISS: P25116 |
| | Gene ID: |
| | 2149 |

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 2149 Human

<u>Omim: 187930</u> Human

SwissProt: P56488 Baboon

SwissProt: P25116 Human

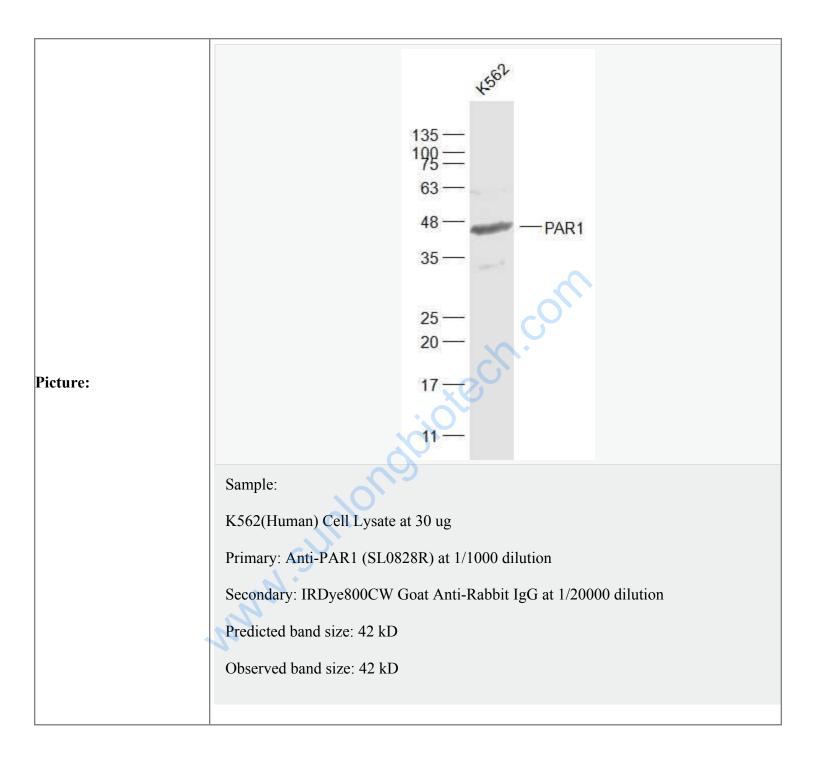
Unigene: 482562 Human

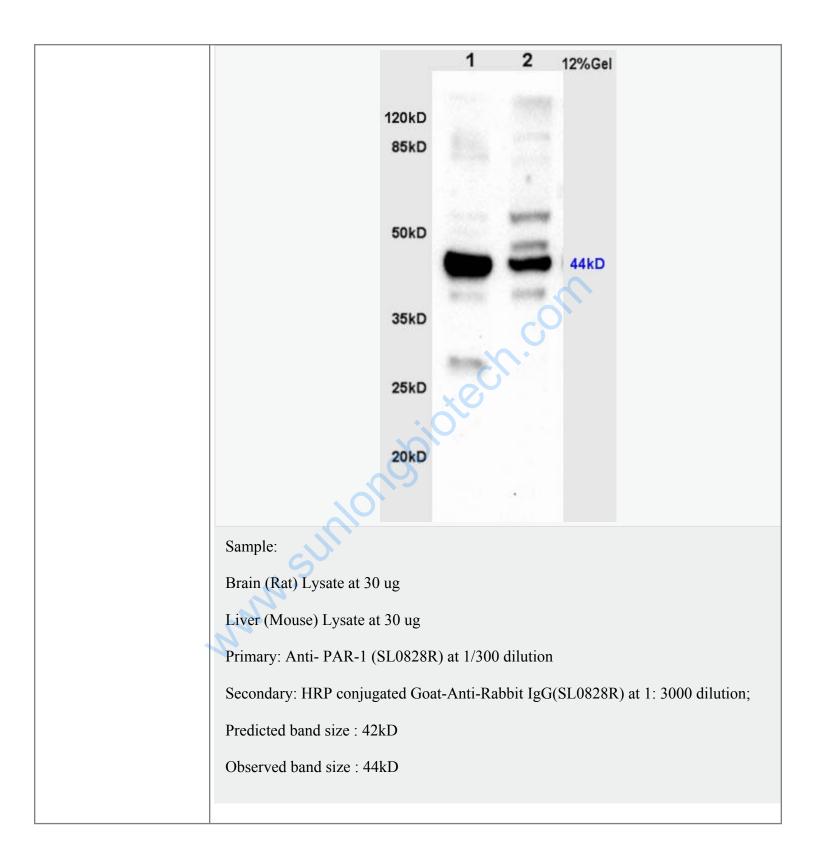
Important Note:

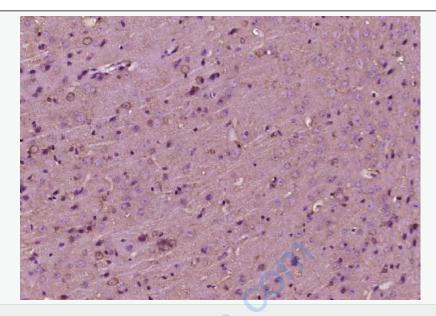
MMM SUR

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

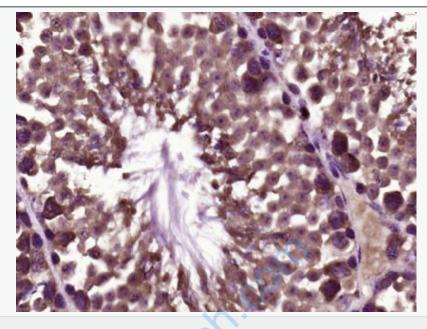
PAR蛋白全称为蛋白酶体活化受体(Protease-activated receptors),又称:凝血酶受体(Thrombin Receptor)是独立家族的G protein-coupled receptor,研究认为与炎症,实体Tumour等密切相关。 PAR1蛋白是乳腺癌细胞侵润和迁移的必需因子,它是作为基质金属蛋白酶体1(M MP-1)的受体关键性作用,这一研究结果为研制新的抗癌药物提供新的靶点。







Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Thrombin receptor/ PAR1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL0828R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructionsand DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse testis); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Thrombin receptor PAR1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL0828R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

