

Rabbit Anti-NAP1L1 antibody

SL1052R

Product Name:	NAP1L1
Chinese Name:	核小体组装蛋白1抗体
Alias:	NAP1L; FLJ16112; hNRP; HSP22 like protein interacting protein; MGC23410; MGC8688; NAP 1; NAP 1 related protein; NAP 1L; NAP-1 related protein; NAP-1- related protein; NAP1; NAP1 L1; NAP1 related protein; Nap111; NAP1L1 protein; NP1L1_HUMAN; NRP; Nucleosome assembly protein 1 like 1; Nucleosome assembly protein 1-like 1.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100- 500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	44kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleus
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human NAP1L1:101-200/391
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	This gene encodes a member of the nucleosome assembly protein (NAP) family. This protein participates in DNA replication and may play a role in modulating chromatin formation and contribute to the regulation of cell proliferation. The binding of sequence-

specific DNA binding proteins to human nucleosome assembly protein 1 may be an important step contributing to the activation of transcription. May be involved in modulating chromatin formation and contribute to regulation of cell proliferation.

Function:

May be involved in modulating chromatin formation and contribute to regulation of cell proliferation.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus. Melanosome. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.

Tissue Specificity: Ubiquitously expressed.

Post-translational modifications:

Polyglutamylated by TTLL4, a modification that occurs exclusively on glutamate residues and results in polyglutamate chains on the gamma-carboxyl group. Some residues may also be monoglycylated but not polyglycylated due to the absence of functional TTLL10 in human.

Similarity:

Belongs to the nucleosome assembly protein (NAP) family.

SWISS: P55209

Gene ID: 4673

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 4673Human

Entrez Gene: 53605Mouse

Entrez Gene: 89825Rat

Omim: 164060Human

SwissProt: P55209Human

SwissProt: P28656Mouse

SwissProt: Q9Z2G8Rat

Unigene: 524599Human

Unigene: 695185Human



