

Rabbit Anti-phospho-AMPK alpha-1 (Ser184) antibody

SL10666R

Product Name:	phospho-AMPK alpha-1 (Ser184)	
Chinese Name:	磷酸化腺苷单磷酸活化蛋白激酶α1抗体	
Alias:	AMPK alpha 1; 5 AMP activated protein kinase alpha 1 catalytic subunit; 5 AMP activated protein kinase catalytic alpha 1 chain; 5' AMP activated protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha 1; AAPK1; acetyl CoA carboxylase kinase; AI194361 antibody AI450832; AL024255; AMP -activate kinase alpha 1 subunit; AMP-activated protein kinase, catalytic, alpha -1; AMPK 1; AMPK alpha 1 chain; AMPK antibody AMPK1; AMPKa1; AMPKalpha1; C130083N04Rik; cb116 antibody EC 2.7.11.1; HMG CoA reductase kinase; hormone sensitive lipase kinase; im:7154392 antibody kinase AMPK alpha1; MGC33776;MGC57364 antibody PRKAA 1; PRKAA1; Protein kinase AMP activated alpha 1 catalytic subunit; SNF1-like protein AMPK; wu:fa94c10; AAPK1_HUMAN.	
Organism Species:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit,	
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.	
Molecular weight:	64kDa	
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmic	
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid	
Concentration:	lmg/ml	
immunogen:	KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human AMPK alpha 1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser184:RT(p-S)CG	
Lsotype:	IgG	
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A	
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.	

Storage: antibody is stable a when kept at -20°C antibody the antibody the antibody the protein encode catalytic subunit of	one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
when kept at -20°C antibody the antibody PubMed: PubMed The protein encode catalytic subunit of	C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
PubMed: PubMed The protein encode catalytic subunit of	*
PubMed: PubMed The protein encode catalytic subunit of	
The protein encode catalytic subunit of	ody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
catalytic subunit of	
	ed by this gene belongs to the ser/thr protein kinase family. It is the
cellular energy sen	f the 5'-prime-AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK). AMPK is a
	sor conserved in all eukaryotic cells. The kinase activity of AMPK is
activated by the sti	imuli that increase the cellular AMP/ATP ratio. AMPK regulates the
activities of a num	ber of key metabolic enzymes through phosphorylation. It protects
	that cause ATP depletion by switching off ATP-consuming
	yays. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct
	n observed. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].
	a contact and the contact of the con
Function:	
	of AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK), an energy sensor protein
	key role in regulating cellular energy metabolism. In response to
1 2	ellular ATP levels, AMPK activates energy-producing pathways and
	nsuming processes: inhibits protein, carbohydrate and lipid
	ell as cell growth and proliferation. AMPK acts via direct
'	f metabolic enzymes, and by longer-term effects via phosphorylation
	gulators. Also acts as a regulator of cellular polarity by remodeling the
	probably by indirectly activating myosin. Regulates lipid synthesis
	g and inactivating lipid metabolic enzymes such as ACACA, ACACB
	nd LIPE; regulates fatty acid and cholesterol synthesis by
	cetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACACA and ACACB) and hormone-sensitive
μ 1 3 ε	mes, respectively. Regulates insulin-signaling and glycolysis by
	RS1, PFKFB2 and PFKFB3. AMPK stimulates glucose uptake in
	ng the translocation of the glucose transporter SLC2A4/GLUT4 to the
	, possibly by mediating phosphorylation of TBC1D4/AS160.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	otion and chromatin structure by phosphorylating transcription
	d in energy metabolism such as CRTC2/TORC2, FOXO3, histone
-	EF2C, MLXIPL/ChREBP, EP300, HNF4A, p53/TP53, SREBF1,

SREBF2 and PPARGC1A. Acts as a key regulator of glucose homeostasis in liver by phosphorylating CRTC2/TORC2, leading to CRTC2/TORC2 sequestration in the cytoplasm. In response to stress, phosphorylates 'Ser-36' of histone H2B (H2BS36ph), leading to promote transcription. Acts as a key regulator of cell growth and proliferation

by phosphorylating TSC2, RPTOR and ATG1: in response to nutrient limitation, negatively regulates the mTORC1 complex by phosphorylating RPTOR component of the mTORC1 complex and by phosphorylating and activating TSC2. In response to nutrient limitation, promotes autophagy by phosphorylating and activating ULK1. AMPK also acts as a regulator of circadian rhythm by mediating phosphorylation of

CRY1, leading to destabilize it. May regulate the Wnt signaling pathway by

phosphorylating CTNNB1, leading to stabilize it. Also has tau-protein kinase activity: in response to amyloid beta A4 protein (APP) exposure, activated by CAMKK2, leading to phosphorylation of MAPT/TAU; however the relevance of such data remains unclear in

vivo. Also phosphorylates CFTR, EEF2K, KLC1, NOS3 and SLC12A1.

Subunit:

AMPK is a heterotrimer of an alpha catalytic subunit (PRKAA1 or PRKAA2), a beta (PRKAB1 or PRKAB2) and a gamma non-catalytic subunits (PRKAG1, PRKAG2 or PRKAG3). Interacts with FNIP1 and FNIP2.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=In response to stress, recruited by p53/TP53 to specific promoters.

Post-translational modifications:

Ubiquitinated.

Phosphorylated at Thr-183 by STK11/LKB1 in complex with STE20-related adapteralpha (STRADA) pseudo kinase and CAB39. Also phosphorylated at Thr-183 by CAMKK2; triggered by a rise in intracellular calcium ions, without detectable changes in the AMP/ATP ratio. CAMKK1 can also phosphorylate Thr-183, but at much lower lvel. Dephosphorylated by protein phosphatase 2A and 2C (PP2A and PP2C). Phosphorylated by ULK1 and ULK2; leading to negatively regulate AMPK activity and suggesting the existence of a regulatory feedback loop between ULK1, ULK2 and AMPK.

Similarity:

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family. SNF1 subfamily.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

SWISS:

Q13131

Gene ID:

5562

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 5562 Human

Entrez Gene: 105787 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 65248 Rat

Omim: 602739 Human

SwissProt: Q13131 Human

SwissProt: O5EG47 Mouse

SwissProt: P54645 Rat

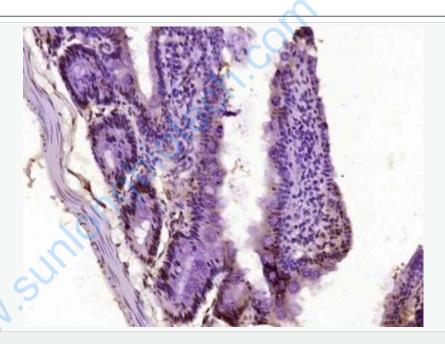
Unigene: 43322 Human

Unigene: 207004 Mouse

Unigene: 87789 Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat colon); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (phospho-AMPK alpha-1(Ser184)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL10666R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.