



Rabbit Anti-CSFV E2 protein antibody

SL10765R

Product Name:	CSFV E2 protein
Chinese Name:	猪瘟疫病毒E2蛋白抗体
Alias:	CSFV Polyprotein; CSFV E2 protein; CSFV E2; polyprotein [Classical swine fever virus]; polyprotein; CSFV polyprotein; E2; Envelope glycoprotein E2; CSFV Envelope glycoprotein E2; Classical swine fever virus E2; Classical swine fever virus Envelope glycoprotein E2; structural protein E2 [Classical swine fever virus].
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	CSFV
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000 not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	42kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	Recombined full length CSFV E2 protein:full length
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Classical swine fever(CSF) is a kind of acute and intense contagious disease in swine, it material damages swine industry. CSF could cause swine appearing disseminated hemorrhage in systemic organ and tissue, degeneration and necrosis in small vascular and capillary endothelial cells. Classical swine fever virus (CSFV) belongs to genera Pestivirus, family Flaviviridae, it's genome total length is 12.3Kb,including a big ORF,

encoding 11 structural and nonstructural proteins.

Function:

E(rns), E1 and E2 are responsible of cell attachment and subsequent fusion of viral and cellular membrane.

P7 forms a leader sequence to properly orient NS2 in the membrane.

Uncleaved NS2-3 is required for production of infectious virus.

NS2 protease seems to play a vital role in viral RNA replication control and in the pathogenicity of the virus.

NS3 displays three enzymatic activities: serine protease, NTPase and RNA helicase.

NS4A is a cofactor for the NS3 protease activity.

RNA-directed RNA polymerase NS5 replicates the viral (+) and (-) genome.

Subunit:

The E(rns) glycoprotein is found as a homodimer; disulfide-linked. The E1 and E2 envelope glycoproteins form disulfide-linked homodimers as well as heterodimers.

Subcellular Location:

Host cell surface.

Post-translational modifications:

The E(rns) glycoprotein is heavily glycosylated.

The viral RNA of pestiviruses is expressed as a single polyprotein which undergoes post-translational proteolytic processing resulting in the production of at least eleven individual proteins. The N-terminal protease cleaves itself from the nascent polyprotein autocatalytically and thereby generates the N-terminus of the adjacent viral capsid protein C.

Cleavage between E2 and p7 is partial.

Similarity:

Belongs to the pestivirus polyprotein family.

Contains 1 helicase ATP-binding domain.

Contains 1 helicase C-terminal domain.

Contains 1 peptidase C53 domain.

Contains 1 peptidase C74 domain.

Contains 1 peptidase S31 domain.

Contains 1 RdRp catalytic domain.

SWISS:

P19712

Gene ID:

920146

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 920146](#) CSFVA

[SwissProt: P19712](#) CSFVA

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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