

Rabbit Anti-Somatostatin Receptor 2 antibody

SL10986R

Product Name:	Somatostatin Receptor 2
Chinese Name:	生长抑素受体2抗体
Alias:	somatostatin receptor 2; Somatostatin receptor type 2; SRIF1; SS2R; SST2; SSTR2; SRIF-1; SS-2-R; SS2-R; SSR2_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Guinea Pig,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	41kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Somatostatin Receptor 2:51-150/369 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	Somatostatin is a tetradecapeptide that is widely distributed in the body and is one of five receptor subtypes termed SSTr1 These receptors function in the regulation of numerous phsiological processes such as the secretion of insulin, glucagon and growth hormone as wel as cell growth induced by neuronal excitation in both the central and peripheral nervous systems. Somatostatin receptos are activated via sonatostatin

secreted by nerve and endocrine cells. Somatostatin Receptor 2 (SSR2), along with SSR1, is expressed at the highest levels in the stomach and jejunum, cerebrum and kidney, respectively.

Function:

Receptor for somatostatins-14 and -28. This receptor is coupled via pertussis toxin sensitive G proteins to inhibition of adenylyl cyclase. In addition it stimulates phosphotyrosine phosphatase and PLC via pertussis toxin insensitive as well as sensitive G proteins. In RIN-5F cells, this receptor inhibits calcium entry by suppressing voltage dependent calcium-channels.

Subunit:

The C-terminus interacts with SHANK1 PDZ domain.

Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Tissue Specificity:

Cerebrum and kidney. In lesser amounts in jejunum, colon and liver.

Similarity:

Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.

SWISS:

P30874

Gene ID:

6752

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 6752 Human

Entrez Gene: 20606 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 54305 Rat

Omim: 182452 Human

SwissProt: P30874 Human

SwissProt: P30875 Mouse

SwissProt: P30680 Rat

Unigene: 514451 Human

Unigene: 454968 Mouse

<u>Unigene: 202974</u> Rat

Unigene: 9929 Rat

Important Note:

The of the string of the strin This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,