

Rabbit Anti-FAM98A antibody

SL11012R

Product Name:	FAM98A
Chinese Name:	FAM98A蛋白抗体
Alias:	FAM 98A; Family with sequence similarity 98 member A; Hypothetical protein LOC25940; LOC25940; Protein FAM98A; FA98A HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Pig, Cow, Horse, Sheep,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800Flow-Cyt=1μg/TestICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	55kDa
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FAM98A:251-350/519
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	Encoding more than 700 genes, chromosome 15 is made up of approximately 106 million base pairs and is about 3% of the human genome. Angelman and Prader-Willi syndromes are associated with loss of function or deletion of genes in the 15q11-q13 region. In the case of Angelman syndrome, this loss is due to inactivity of the maternal 15q11-q13 encoded UBE3A gene in the brain by either chromosomal deletion or mutation. In cases of Prader-Willi syndrome, there is a partial or complete deletion of this region from the paternal copy of chromosome 15. Tay-Sachs disease is a lethal

disorder associated with mutations of the HEXA gene, which is encoded by chromosome 15. Marfan syndrome is associated with chromosome 15 through the FBN1 gene. The FAM98 gene product has been provisionally designated FAM98 pending further characterization.

Similarity:

Belongs to the FAM98 family.

SWISS: O8NCA5

Gene ID: 25940

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 25940Human

Entrez Gene: 72722Mouse

Entrez Gene: 100173593Orangutan

Entrez Gene: 313873Rat

SwissProt: Q8NCA5Human

SwissProt: Q3TJZ6Mouse

SwissProt: Q5R679Orangutan

SwissProt: Q5FWT1Rat

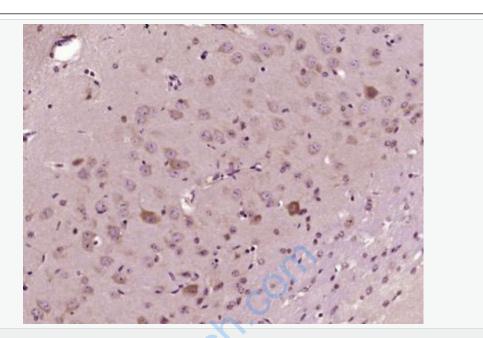
Unigene: 468140Human

Unigene: 24641 Mouse

Unigene: 12770Rat

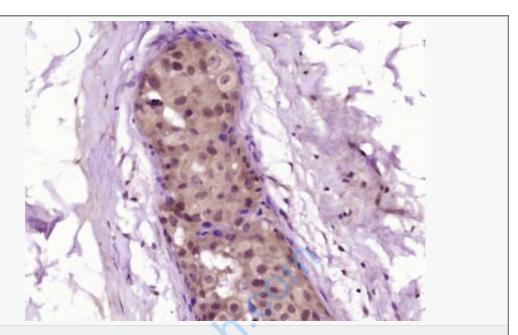
Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

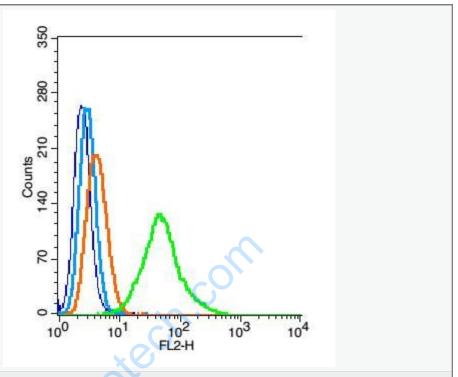


Picture:

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (FAM98A) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL11012R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Human breast carcinoma); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (FAM98A) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL11012R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Blank control: hela(blue), the cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with ice-cold 90% methanol for 30 min on ice..

Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG(orange); Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-

rabbit IgG-PE(white blue), Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA;

Primary Antibody Dilution: 1µg in 100 µL1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA(green).