



Rabbit Anti-KIAA1576 antibody

SL11130R

Product Name:	KIAA1576
Chinese Name:	突触小泡膜蛋白同源样蛋白1抗体
Alias:	Probable oxidoreductase KIAA1576; Synaptic vesicle membrane protein VAT 1 homolog like; Synaptic vesicle membrane protein VAT-1 homolog-like; VAT 1L; VAT1L; VAT1L_HUMAN; Vesicle amine transport protein 1 homolog (T. californica) like.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Pig,Cow,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	46kDa
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human VAT1L/KIAA1576:321-419/419
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Chromosome 16 encodes over 900 genes in approximately 90 million base pairs, makes up nearly 3% of human cellular DNA and is associated with a variety of genetic disorders. The GAN gene is located on chromosome 16 and, with mutation, may lead to giant axonal neuropathy, a nervous system disorder characterized by increasing

malfunction with growth. The rare disorder Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome is also associated with chromosome 16, though through the CREBBP gene which encodes a critical CREB binding protein. Signs of Rubinstein-Taybi include mental retardation and predisposition to tumor growth and white blood cell neoplasias. Crohn's disease is a gastrointestinal inflammatory condition associated with chromosome 16 through the NOD2 gene. An association with systemic lupus erythematosus and a number of other autoimmune disorders with the pericentromeric region of chromosome 16 has led to the identification of SLC5A11 as a potential autoimmune modifier. The KIAA1576 gene product has been provisionally designated KIAA1576 pending further characterization.

Similarity:

Belongs to the zinc-containing alcohol dehydrogenase family. Quinone oxidoreductase subfamily.

SWISS:

Q9HCJ6

Gene ID:

57687

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 57687](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 270097](#) Mouse

[SwissProt: Q9HCJ6](#) Human

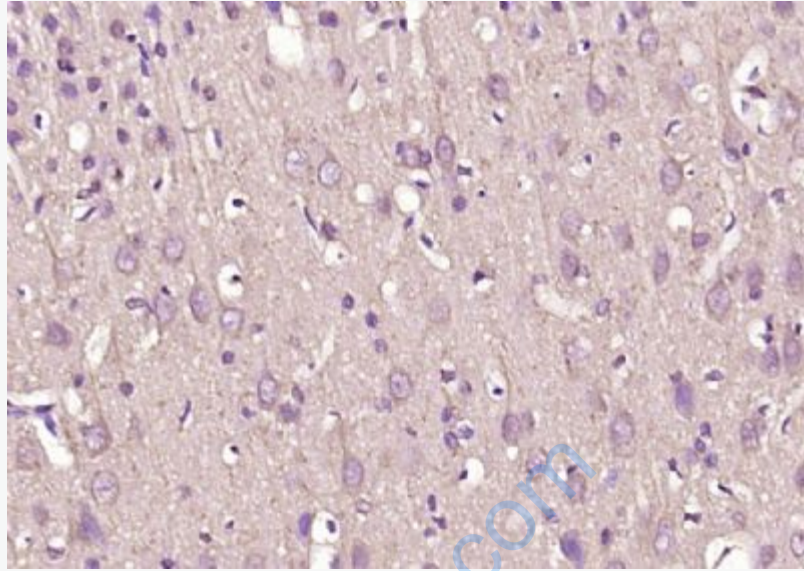
[SwissProt: Q80TB8](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 461405](#) Human

[Unigene: 334825](#) Mouse

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (KIAA1576) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL11130R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.