

## Rabbit Anti-PCDHB3 antibody

SL11154R

Product Name:	PCDHB3
Chinese Name:	原钙粘蛋白β3抗体
Alias:	Protocadherin beta 3; PCDH beta3; PCDHB 3; PCDHB3; PCDB3_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-
	500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	84kDa
<b>Cellular localization:</b>	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PCDHB3:301-
	400/796 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year
	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Protocadherins are a large family of cadherin-like cell adhesion proteins that are
	involved in the establishment and maintenance of neuronal connections in the brain.
	There are three protocadherin gene clusters, designated alpha, beta and gamma, all of
	which contain multiple tandemly arranged genes. PCDHB3 (Protocadherin beta-3) is a
	796 amino acid single pass transmembrane protein that is one of 16 proteins in the
	protocadherin beta cluster. Unlike the alpha and gamma gene clusters whose genes are

spliced to downstream constant region exons during transcription, members of the beta cluster (such as PCDHB3) do not use constant-region exons to produce mRNAs. As a result, each protocadherin beta gene encodes the transmembrane, extracellular and short cytoplasmic domains of the protein. PCDHB3 is likely a calcium-dependent cell adhesion protein that is involved in the maintenance of neural connections in the brain.

## Function:

Potential calcium-dependent cell-adhesion protein. May be involved in the establishment and maintenance of specific neuronal connections in the brain.

Subcellular Location: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

Similarity: intech.d Contains 6 cadherin domains.

SWISS: O9Y5E6

Gene ID: 56132

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 56132Human

UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot: Q9Y5E6.1

## **Important** Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.