

# Rabbit Anti-ICA1 antibody

## SL11349R

ICA1	
胰岛细胞自身抗原1抗体	
69 kDa islet cell autoantigen; Diabetes mellitus type I autoantigen; ICA 1; ICA1; ICA69; ICA69 HUMAN; ICAp69; Islet cell autoantigen 1 (69kD); Islet cell	
autoantigen 1 69kDa; Islet cell autoantigen 1; Islet cell autoantigen 1 isoform; Islet cell	
autoantigen p69; OTTHUMP00000200933; OTTHUMP00000200934;	
OTTHUMP00000200941; OTTHUMP00000200993; p69.	
Rabbit	
Polyclonal	
Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit,	
WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications.	
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
	55kDa
cytoplasmicThe cell membrane	
Lyophilized or Liquid	
lmg/ml	
KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ICA1:1-100/483	
IgG	
affinity purified by Protein A	
0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.	
Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of	
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
	PubMed
Carbonic anhydrases (CAs), also designated carbonate dehydratases or carbonate	
hydrolyases, form a large family of genes that encode zinc metalloenzymes of great	
physiologic importance. As catalysts of the reversible hydration of carbon dioxide,	

these enzymes participate in a variety of biologic processes, including respiration, acid-base balance, bone resorption and calcification as well as the formation of aqueous humor, cerebrospinal fluid, saliva and gastric acid. Genes in the ?carbonic anhydrase family encode either active carbonic anhydrase isozymes or 揳catalytic?(devoid of CO2 hydration activity) carbonic anhydrase-related proteins. Human CA I (CA1) is encoded by the CA1 gene, which maps to a region on chromosome 8 that harbors a cluster of CA genes. CA I localizes to the cytoplasm and research indicates that a severe deficiency of CA I does not result in any obvious hematological or renal consequences.

#### **Function:**

May play a role in neurotransmitter secretion (By similarity).

#### Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm > cytosol. Golgi apparatus membrane. Cytoplasmic vesicle > secretory vesicle membrane. Cytoplasmic vesicle > secretory vesicle > synaptic vesicle membrane. Predominantly cytosolic. Also exists as a membrane-bound form which has been found associated with synaptic vesicles and also with the Golgi complex and immature secretory granules.

### Tissue Specificity:

Expressed abundantly in pancreas, heart and brain with low levels of expression in lung, kidney, liver and thyroid.

#### Similarity:

Contains 1 AH domain.

#### **SWISS:**

Q05084

#### Gene ID:

3382

#### Database links:

Entrez Gene: 3382Human

Entrez Gene: 15893Mouse

Entrez Gene: 81024Rat

Omim: 147625Human

SwissProt: Q05084Human

SwissProt: P97411Mouse

SwissProt: Q63054Rat

Unigene: 487561Human

Unigene: 275683Mouse

Unigene: 1379Rat

## **Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

