



## Rabbit Anti-FDFT1 antibody

SL11517R

<b>Product Name:</b>	FDFT1
<b>Chinese Name:</b>	法尼基二磷酸法尼基转移酶1/鲨烯合成酶抗体
<b>Alias:</b>	DGPT; ERG9; Farnesyl diphosphate farnesyltransferase 1; Farnesyl diphosphate farnesyltransferase; Farnesyl-diphosphate farnesyltransferase; FDFT_HUMAN; FDFT1; FPP:FPP farnesyltransferase; Presqualene di diphosphate synthase; SQS; Squalene synthase; Squalene synthetase; SS.
<b>Organism Species:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>React Species:</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,
<b>Applications:</b>	IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Molecular weight:</b>	48kDa
<b>Cellular localization:</b>	cytoplasmicThe cell membrane
<b>Form:</b>	Lyophilized or Liquid
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>immunogen:</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FDFT1:321-417/417
<b>Lsotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Purification:</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
<b>PubMed:</b>	<a href="#">PubMed</a>
<b>Product Detail:</b>	Several proteins mediate the biosynthesis of cholesterol. The first specific step in the cholesterol biosynthetic pathway is the conversion of transfarnesyl-diphosphate to Squalene, which is catalyzed by the endoplasmic reticulum membrane-associated enzyme Squalene synthetase, also designated Squalene synthase and Farnesyl-diphosphate farnesyltransferase. Squalene synthetase is located at a branch point in the

mevalonate pathway and is also involved in isoprenoid biosynthesis. Squalene epoxidase, also designated Squalene monooxygenase, is a multi-pass microsomal membrane-associated enzyme that catalyzes the first oxygenation step in sterol biosynthesis and most likely functions as one of the rate-limiting enzymes in this pathway. Squalene epoxidase may form a complex with Squalene synthetase.

**Function:**

Terpene metabolism; lanosterol biosynthesis; lanosterol from farnesyl diphosphate: step 1/3.

**Subunit:**

Monomer

**Subcellular Location:**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane.

**Similarity:**

Belongs to the phytoene/squalene synthase family.

**SWISS:**

P37268

**Gene ID:**

2222

**Database links:**

[Entrez Gene: 2222](#)Human

[Entrez Gene: 14137](#)Mouse

[Omim: 184420](#)Human

[SwissProt: P37268](#)Human

[SwissProt: P53798](#)Mouse

[Unigene: 593928](#)Human

[Unigene: 474432](#)Mouse

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.