

Rabbit Anti-FOXB1 + FOXB2 antibody

SL11556R

Product Name:	FOXB1 + FOXB2
Chinese Name:	叉头蛋白B1+B2抗体
Alias:	FOXB1+FOXB2; FKH5; forkhead box B2; Forkhead box protein B1; Forkhead box
	protein B2; Transcription factor FKH 5; FOXB1_HUMAN; FOXB2_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Cow, Horse, Sheep,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-
	500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	35, 45kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleus
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FOXB1 + FOXB2:51-100/325
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year
	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	FOXB1 and FOXB2 are winged helix/forkhead transcription factors. FOXB1 is
	specifically expressed in the developing central nervous system (CNS). Early
	embryonic FOXB1 expression is restricted to the mammiliary body region of the caudal
	hypothalamus, midbrain, hindbrain and spinal cord. FOXB1 may play a role in
	postnatal growth, lactation and CNS development.

Function:

The Forkhead-box (FOX) genes comprise a superfamily of at least 43 members that encode proteins which are involved in transcriptional regulation and may be associated with the pathogenesis of various cancers. FOXB1 (forkhead box B1), also known as FKH5 or HFKH-5, and FOXB2 (forkhead box B2) are members of the FOX family and each contain one forkhead DNA-binding domain. Both FOXB1 and FOXB2 localize to the nucleus where they are thought to function as transcription factors that can bind to DNA via their forkhead domains. In mice, defects in the gene encoding FOXB1 are associated with retarded development of the central nervous system (CNS), suggesting that FOXB1 may play a role in CNS organization and function.

Subcellular Location:

Nuclear

Similarity:

Contains 1 fork-head DNA-binding domain.

SWISS: Q5VYV0

Gene ID: 27023

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 27023Human

Entrez Gene: 442425Human

Entrez Gene: 14240 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 64290Mouse

SwissProt: Q5VYV0Human

SwissProt: Q99853Human

SwissProt: Q64733Mouse

SwissProt: Q99MX1Mouse

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.