

Rabbit Anti-Gli2 antibody

SL11564R

Product Name:	Gli2
Chinese Name:	www.second.com/second
Alias:	Gli 2; Gli-2; GLI family zinc finger 2; GLI kruppel family member 2; GLI Kruppel family member GLI2; GLI2; GLI2_HUMAN; Oncogene GLI2; Tax helper protein 2; Tax helper protein; Tax responsive element 2 holding protein; Tax responsive element 25 bp sequence binding protein; THP 2; THP; THP2; Zinc finger protein GLI2.
文献引用	Specific References(1) SL11564R has been referenced in 1 publications.
Pub	[IF=3.73]Zhang, Qiang, et al. "Serotonin Receptor 2C and Insulin Secretion." PloS one
	8 1 (2013) [•] e54250 WB:Mouse
	PubMed:23349838
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit,
	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800Flow-Cyt=3ug/testICC=1:100-
Applications	500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
Applications.	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	168kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Gli2:501-600/1586
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year

	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Datail:	It has long been known that the overexpression of either Wnt-1 or the GLI proteins results in cancer; however, the molecular basis for this transformation was poorly understood. The Wnt-1 and GLI proteins have now been placed in a signaling cascade downstream of the mammalian homologs of the Drosophila hedgehog and patched proteins. The Drosophila segment polarity gene hedgehog (hh) encodes a secreted protein that appears to function in embryonic and imaginal disc patterning. The ptc gene, also identified as a Drosophila segment polarity gene, encodes the transmembrane protein patched, the expression of which is precisely regulated during embryonic development. Hedgehog has been shown to enhance the expression of the Wnt family of proteins through a signaling cascade involving the GLI transcription factors, while patched functions as a repressor opposing the effects of hedgehog. Mutations in the ptc gene, which result in unregulated hedgehog signaling, have been correlated with the most common type of cancer, basal cell carcinoma, which affects 750,000 individuals annually in the United States alone. Function: FunctionActs as a transcriptional activator. May play a role during embryogenesis. Binds to the DNA sequence 5'-GAACCACCA-3' which is part of the TRE-2S regulatory element that augments the Tax-dependent enhancer of human T-cell leukemia virus type 1. Implicated in the transduction of SHH signal.
Product Detail:	 Subunit: Interaction with ZIC Subcellular Location: Nucleus. Post-translational modifications: Phosphorylated in vitro by ULK3. DISEASE: Defects in GL12 are the cause of holoprosencephaly type 9 (HPE9) [MIM:610829]; also called pituitary anomalies with holoprosencephaly-like features. The primary features of this disease include defective anterior pituitary formation and pan-hypopituitarism, with or without overt forebrain cleavage abnormalities, and holoprosencephaly-like midfacial hypoplasia. Holoprosencephaly is the most common structural anomaly of the brain, in which the developing forebrain fails to correctly separate into right and left hemispheres. Holoprosencephaly is genetically heterogeneous and associated with several distinct facies and phenotypic variability. Similarity: Belongs to the GLI C2H2-type zinc-finger protein family. Contains 5 C2H2-type zinc fingers.

	SWISS:
	P10070
	Gene ID:
	2736
	Database links:
	UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot: P10070.4
	Entrez Gene: 2736Human
	Entrez Gene: 14633Mouse
	Omim: 165230Human
	SwissProt: P10070Human
	SwissProt: Q0VGT2Mouse
	SwissProt: Q8K0K3Mouse
	Unigene: 111867Human
	Unigene: 273292Mouse
	Important Note:
	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,
	therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Picture:	m ⁿ

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat testis); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Gli2) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL11564R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructionsand DAB staining.



Tissue/cell: human endometrium tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffinembedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-Gli2 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL11564R) 1:200,

overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and





Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.

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