

Rabbit Anti-PNMA1 antibody

SL11926R

Product Name:	PNMA1
Chinese Name:	旁瘤抗原MA1抗体
Alias:	37 kDa neuronal protein; MA1; Paraneoplastic antigen MA1; Neuron- and testis-
	specific protein 1; Paraneoplastic antigen Ma1; Pnma1; PNMA1_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-
	500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	40kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleus
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PNMA1:165-270/353
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year
	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	Paraneoplastic neurological disorders (PNDs) are rare syndromes that are caused by, or
	associated with, an underlying neoplasm. The most common neoplasm among young
	male patients is testicular cancer, but the leading cause among other patients is lung
	cancer. Most PNDs are caused by an immune response against onconeural antigens,
	causing progressive neurological damage. The paraneoplastic antigen MA family
	contains three known members: MA1, MA2 and MA3. MA1, also designated neuron-

and testis-specific protein 1, is a nucleolar protein in normal cells but localizes to the cytoplasm of tumor cells. MA2, also designated onconeuronal antigen MA2, is a nucleolar protein expressed in brain and testis. MA3 is highly expressed in brain and testis and is expressed at low levels in heart, trachea and kidney.

Function:

PNMA1 (Paraneoplastic antigen MA1) is a protein that is highly restricted to the brain and testis. A paraneoplastic phenomenon is a disease or symptom that is the consequence of the presence of cancer in the body, but is not due to the local presence of cancer cells. These phenomena are mediated by humoral factors (by hormones or cytokines) excreted by tumor cells or by an immune response against the tumor. Sometimes the symptoms of paraneoplastic syndromes show even before the diagnosis of a malignancy. Paraneoplastic syndromes can be divided into 4 main categories: mucocutane paraneoplastic syndromes, neurological paraneoplastic syndromes, haematological paraneoplastic syndromes and endocrine metabolic syndromes.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus; nucleolus. In tumor cells, it is cytoplasmic.

Tissue Specificity:

Testis and brain specific. In some patients suffering from cancers, it is also specifically expressed by the paraneoplastic tumor cells.

Similarity:

Belongs to the PNMA family.

SWISS:

O8ND90

Gene ID:

9240

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 538718Cow

Entrez Gene: 490774Dog

Entrez Gene: 100050444Horse

<u>Entrez Gene: 9240</u>Human

Entrez Gene: 70481 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 100154070Pig

Entrez Gene: 170636Rat

Omim: 604010Human

SwissProt: A6QLK5Cow

SwissProt: Q8ND90Human

SwissProt: Q8C1C8Mouse

SwissProt: Q8VHZ4Rat

Unigene: 194709Human

Unigene: 444348.Mouse

Unigene: 81186Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.