

# Rabbit Anti-SLITRK4 antibody

# SL11957R

Product Name:	SLITRK4
Chinese Name:	神经突触相关蛋白SLITRK4抗体
Alias:	DKFZp547M2010; SLIK4_HUMAN; SLIT and NTRK like family member 4; SLIT and NTRK like protein 4; SLIT and NTRK-like protein 4; Slit and trk like 4 protein; Slit and trk like gene 4; SLITRK 4; SLITRK4.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep, Guinea Pig,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	92kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SLITRK4:251-350/837 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	SLITRK family proteins are integral membrane proteins that have a C-terminal domain that is partially similar to TRK neurotrophin receptor proteins and two leucine-rich repeat (LRR) domains that are similar to those of SLIT proteins. SLITRK4 (SLIT and NTRK-like protein 4) is a 837 amino acid single-pass type I membrane protein that

contains 18 LRR (leucine-rich) repeats and is expressed in neural tissues, specifically in the thalamus, hypothalamus, subventricular zone, CA3 region of the hippocampus and cortical plate. SLITRK4 may be upregulated in some astrocytic brain tumors such as glioblastomas, astrocytomas and primitive neuroectodermal tumors. As compared with its family member SLITRK2, SLITRK4 only weakly suppresses neurite outgrowth. A study using genome-wide transcriptional profiling suggested that the gene encoding SLITRK4, as well as the ARL5B and PLA2G7 genes, may be involved in the pathogenesis of preeclampsia.

#### Function:

Suppresses neurite outgrowth.

#### **Subcellular Location:**

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

# Tissue Specificity:

Expressed in the cerebral cortex of the brain and at higher levels in some astrocytic brain tumors such as astrocytomas, glioblastomas and primitive neuroectodermal tumors.

## Similarity:

Belongs to the SLITRK family.

Contains 12 LRR (leucine-rich) repeats.

Contains 2 LRRCT domains.

Contains 1 LRRNT domain.

#### **SWISS:**

O8IW52

## Gene ID:

139065

#### Database links:

Entrez Gene: 139065Human

Entrez Gene: 245446Mouse

Omim: 300562Human

SwissProt: Q8IW52Human

SwissProt: Q810B8Mouse

# **Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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