

Rabbit Anti-GABRA2 antibody

SL12061R

| Product Name: | GABRA2 |
|------------------------|--|
| Chinese Name: | G氨基丁酸A型受体α2/GABAA Rα2抗体 |
| Alias: | GABA A Receptor a2; GABA A Receptor alpha 2; GABA A receptor subunit alpha 2; GABA; GABA(A) receptor subunit alpha 2; GABA(A) receptor subunit alpha-2; GABR A2; GABRA 2; GABRA2; GABRA2 protein; Gamma aminobutyric acid (GABA) A receptor alpha 2; Gamma aminobutyric acid A receptor alpha 2; Gamma aminobutyric acid receptor alpha 2 subunit; Gamma aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha 2; Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-2; GBRA2_HUMAN. |
| Organism Species: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| React Species: | Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, |
| Applications: | WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800Flow- Cyt=1µg/TestICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user. |
| Molecular weight: | 48kDa |
| Cellular localization: | The cell membrane |
| Form: | Lyophilized or Liquid |
| Concentration: | 1mg/ml |
| immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GABRA2/GABA A Receptor alpha 2:185-280/451 <extracellular></extracellular> |
| Lsotype: | IgG |
| Purification: | affinity purified by Protein A |
| Storage Buffer: | 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. |
| Storage: | Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C. |
| PubMed: | PubMed |
| Product Detail: | GABA is the major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the mammalian brain where it acts at |

GABA-A receptors, which are ligand-gated chloride channels. Chloride conductance of these channels can be modulated by agents such as benzodiazepines that bind to the GABA-A receptor. At least 16 distinct subunits of GABA-A receptors have been identified. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function:

GABA, the major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the vertebrate brain, mediates neuronal inhibition by binding to the GABA/benzodiazepine receptor and opening an integral chloride channel.

Subunit:

Binds UBQLN1 (By similarity). Generally pentameric. There are five types of GABA(A) receptor chains: alpha, beta, gamma, delta, and rho.

Subcellular Location:

Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Similarity:

Belongs to the ligand-gated ion channel (TC 1.A.9) family. Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor (TC 1.A.9.5) subfamily. GABRA2 sub-subfamily.

SWISS:

P47869

Gene ID: 2555

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 2555 Human

Entrez Gene: 14395 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 289606 Rat

Entrez Gene: 282236 Cow

<u>Omim: 137140</u> Human

SwissProt: P10063 Cow

SwissProt: P47869 Human

SwissProt: P26048 Mouse









