

Rabbit Anti-GRK2 antibody

SL1209R

Product Name:	GRK2
Chinese Name:	G蛋白偶合受体激酶2抗体
Alias:	G-protein coupled receptor kinase 2; ADRBK 1; ADRBK1; Adrenergic beta receptor kinase 1; BARK 1; BARK; BARK1; Beta adrenergic receptor kinase 1; Beta ARK 1; Beta ARK 1; Beta ARK1; G Protein Coupled Receptor Kinase 2; G protein dependent receptor kinase 2; FLJ16718; GRK 2; ARBK1 HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Cow, Guinea Pig,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	76kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GRK2:601-689/689
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	The product of this gene phosphorylates the beta-2-adrenergic receptor and appears to mediate agonist-specific desensitization observed at high agonist concentrations. This protein is an ubiquitous cytosolic enzyme that specifically phosphorylates the activated form of the beta-adrenergic and related G-protein-coupled receptors. Abnormal coupling

of beta-adrenergic receptor to G protein is involved in the pathogenesis of the failing heart. [provided by RefSeq].

Function:

Specifically phosphorylates the agonist-occupied form of the beta-adrenergic and closely related receptors, probably inducing a desensitization of them. Key regulator of LPAR1 signaling. Competes with RALA for binding to LPAR1 thus affecting the signaling properties of the receptor. Desensitizes LPAR1 and LPAR2 in a phosphorylation-independent manner.

Subunit:

Interacts with GIT1 (By similarity). Interacts with, and phosphorylates chemokine-stimulated CCR5. Interacts with ARRB1. Interacts with LPAR1 and LPAR2. Interacts with RALA in response to LPAR1 activation. ADRBK1 and RALA mutually inhibit each other's binding to LPAR1.

Tissue Specificity:

Expressed in peripheral blood leukocytes.

Similarity:

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. AGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. GPRK subfamily.

Contains 1 AGC-kinase C-terminal domain.

Contains 1 PH domain.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

Contains 1 RGS domain.

SWISS:

P25098

Gene ID:

156

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 156 Human

Entrez Gene: 25238 Rat

Omim: 109635 Human

SwissProt: P25098 Human

SwissProt: Q99MK8 Mouse

SwissProt: P26817 Rat

Unigene: 83636 Human

Unigene: 254144 Mouse

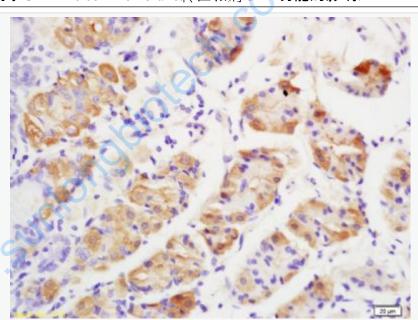
<u>Unigene: 13010</u> Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

G protein-coupled

receptor激酶2(GRK2)是催化激动剂诱导的GPCR磷酸化以及启动GPCR脱敏的关键激酶,主要用于GRKThe cell membrane转位和对GRK功能的影响.



Picture:

Tissue/cell: human stomach tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffinembedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-GRK2/BARK1/ADRBK1 Polyclonal Antibody,

Unconjugated(SL1209R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the

secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining

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