

## Rabbit Anti-P2RX7 antibody

## SL12106R

Product Name:	P2RX7
Chinese Name:	嘌呤受体P2X7抗体
Alias:	ATP receptor; P2X purinoceptor 7; P2X7; P2Z receptor; Purinergic receptor; purinergic receptor P2X, ligand gated ion channel 7; P2RX7_HUMAN.
	: 0
	Specific References(1) SL12106R has been referenced in 1 publications.
文献引用	[IF=1.88]Peng, Kuang, et al. "P2X7R is involved in the progression of atherosclerosis
PubMed	by promoting NLRP3 inflammasome activation." International Journal of Molecular
:	Medicine.IHC-F;Human.
	PubMed:25761252
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Horse, Rabbit,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-
	500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	69kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human P2RX7:115-
	160/595 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year

antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.  PubMed:  PubMed:  The P2X receptor family is comprised of ligand-gated ion channels that allow for the increased permeability of calcium into the cell in response to extracellular ATP. The seven P2X receptors, P2X1-P2X7, form either homomeric or heteromeric channels or both. They are characterized by intracellular amino- and carboxy-termini. P2X receptor are expressed in a wide variety of tissues, including neurons, prostate, bladder, pancreas, colon, testis and ovary. The major function of the P2X receptors is to media synaptic transmissions between neurons and to other tissues via the binding of extracellular ATP, which acts as a neurotransmitter. The P2X receptors may be involved in the onset of necrosis or apoptosis after prolonged exposure to high concentrations of extracellular ATP.  Function:  The product P2RX7 belongs to the family of purinoceptors for ATP. This receptor functions as a ligand-gated ion channel and is responsible for ATP-dependent lysis of macrophages through the formation of membrane pores permeable to large molecules. Activation of this nuclear receptor by ATP in the cytoplasm may be a mechanism by which cellular activity can be coupled to changes in gene expression.  Subunit:  Functional P2XRs are organized as homomeric and heteromeric trimers. Interacts with LAMA3, ITGB2, ACTB, ACTN4, SVIL, MPP3, HSPA1, HSPCB, HSPA8, PIK230 and PTPRB.  Subcellular Location: Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.  Post-translational modifications: Phosphorylation results in its inactivation. ADP-ribosylation at Arg-125 is necessary and sufficient to activate P2RX7 and gate the channel (By similarity). Palmitoylation of several cysteines in the C-terminal cytoplasmic tail is required for efficient localization to cell surface.  Similarity: Belongs to the P2X receptor family.		when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
The P2X receptor family is comprised of ligand-gated ion channels that allow for the increased permeability of calcium into the cell in response to extracellular ATP. The seven P2X receptors, P2XI-P2X7, form cither homomeric or heteromeric channels or both. They are characterized by intracellular amino- and carboxy-termini. P2X receptor are expressed in a wide variety of tissues, including neurons, prostate, bladder, pancreas, colon, testis and ovary. The major function of the P2X receptors is to media synaptic transmissions between neurons and to other tissues via the binding of extracellular ATP, which acts as a neurotransmitter. The P2X receptors may be involved in the onset of necrosis or apoptosis after prolonged exposure to high concentrations of extracellular ATP.  Function:  The product P2RX7 belongs to the family of purinoceptors for ATP. This receptor functions as a ligand-gated ion channel and is responsible for ATP-dependent lysis of macrophages through the formation of membrane porcs permeable to large molecules. Activation of this nuclear receptor by ATP in the cytoplasm may be a mechanism by which cellular activity can be coupled to changes in gene expression.  Subunit:  Functional P2XRs are organized as homomeric and heteromeric trimers. Interacts with LAMA3, ITGB2, ACTB, ACTN4, SVIL, MPP3, HSPA1, HSPCB, HSPA8, PIK230 and PTPRB.  Subcellular Location:  Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.  Post-translational modifications: Phosphorylation results in its inactivation. ADP-ribosylation at Arg-125 is necessary and sufficient to activate P2RX7 and gate the channel (By similarity). Palmitoylation of several cysteines in the C-terminal cytoplasmic tail is required for efficient localization to cell surface.  Similarity: Belongs to the P2X receptor family.		antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
increased permeability of calcium into the cell in response to extracellular ATP. The seven PZX receptors, PZXI-PZXT, form either homomeric or heteromeric channels or both. They are characterized by intracellular amino- and carboxy-termini. PZX receptor from the particle of the particl	PubMed:	PubMed PubMed
Gene ID: 5027		The P2X receptor family is comprised of ligand-gated ion channels that allow for the increased permeability of calcium into the cell in response to extracellular ATP. The seven P2X receptors, P2X1-P2X7, form either homomeric or heteromeric channels or both. They are characterized by intracellular amino- and carboxy-termini. P2X receptor are expressed in a wide variety of tissues, including neurons, prostate, bladder, pancreas, colon, testis and ovary. The major function of the P2X receptors is to media synaptic transmissions between neurons and to other tissues via the binding of extracellular ATP, which acts as a neurotransmitter. The P2X receptors may be involved in the onset of necrosis or apoptosis after prolonged exposure to high concentrations of extracellular ATP.  Function:  The product P2RX7 belongs to the family of purinoceptors for ATP. This receptor functions as a ligand-gated ion channel and is responsible for ATP-dependent lysis of macrophages through the formation of membrane pores permeable to large molecules Activation of this nuclear receptor by ATP in the cytoplasm may be a mechanism by which cellular activity can be coupled to changes in gene expression.  Subunit:  Functional P2XRs are organized as homomeric and heteromeric trimers. Interacts with LAMA3, ITGB2, ACTB, ACTN4, SVIL, MPP3, HSPA1, HSPCB, HSPA8, PIK230 and PTPRB.  Subcellular Location:  Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.  Post-translational modifications: Phosphorylation results in its inactivation.  ADP-ribosylation at Arg-125 is necessary and sufficient to activate P2RX7 and gate techannel (By similarity).  Palmitoylation of several cysteines in the C-terminal cytoplasmic tail is required for efficient localization to cell surface.  Similarity: Belongs to the P2X receptor family.  SWISS:  Q99572  Gene ID:

**Database links:** 

Entrez Gene: 5027 Human

Entrez Gene: 18439 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 29665 Rat

Omim: 602566 Human

SwissProt: Q99572 Human

SwissProt: Q9Z1M0 Mouse

SwissProt: Q64663 Rat

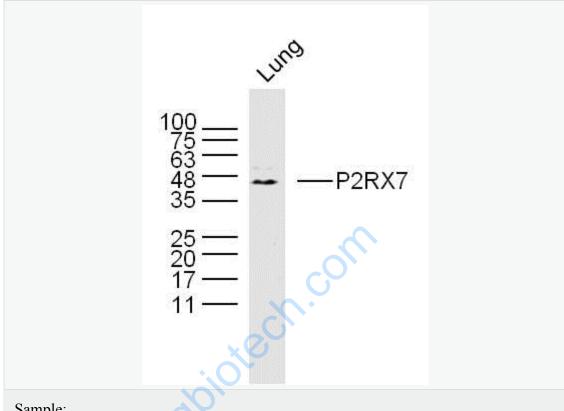
Unigene: 729169 Human

Unigene: 42026 Mouse

Unigene: 10510 Rat

## **Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Sample:

Lung (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti- P2RX7 (SL12106R)at 1/300 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 69 kD

Observed band size: 69 kD