

Rabbit Anti-CEP135 antibody

SL12282R

Product Name:	CEP135
Chinese Name:	中心体蛋白135抗体
Alias:	centrosomal protein 135 kDa; centrosomal protein 135kDa; Centrosomal protein 4; Centrosomal protein of 135 kDa; centrosome protein 4; centrosome protein cep135; Cep135; Cep135; CEP4; CP135 HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Pig,Horse,Rabbit,Sheep,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100- 500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	133kDa 💙
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CEP135:1001-1100/1140
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Centrosomal protein involved in centriole biogenesis. Acts as a scaffolding protein during early centriole biogenesis. Also required for centriole-centriole cohesion during interphase by acting as a platform protein for CEP250 at the centriole.
	Function:

Centrosomal protein involved in centriole biogenesis. Acts as a scaffolding protein during early centriole biogenesis. Also required for centriole-centriole cohesion during interphase by acting as a platform protein for CEP250 at the centriole.

Subunit:

Interacts with DCTN2 (By similarity). Interacts with CEP250.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, centrosome, centriole. Note=During centriole biogenesis, it is concentrated within the proximal lumen of both parental centrioles and procentrioles.

DISEASE:

Defects in CEP135 are the cause of microcephaly, primary, type 8 (MCPH8) [MIM:614673]. MCPH8 is a disease defined as a head circumference more than 3 standard deviations below the age-related mean. Brain weight is markedly reduced and the cerebral cortex is disproportionately small. Despite this marked reduction in size, the gyral pattern is relatively well preserved, with no major abnormality in cortical architecture. Affected individuals are mentally retarded. Primary microcephaly is further defined by the absence of other syndromic features or significant neurological deficits due to degenerative brain disorder.

Similarity: Belongs to the CEP135/TSGA10 family.

SWISS: Q66GS9

Gene ID: 9662

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 9662Human

Entrez Gene: 381644Mouse

Omim: 611423Human

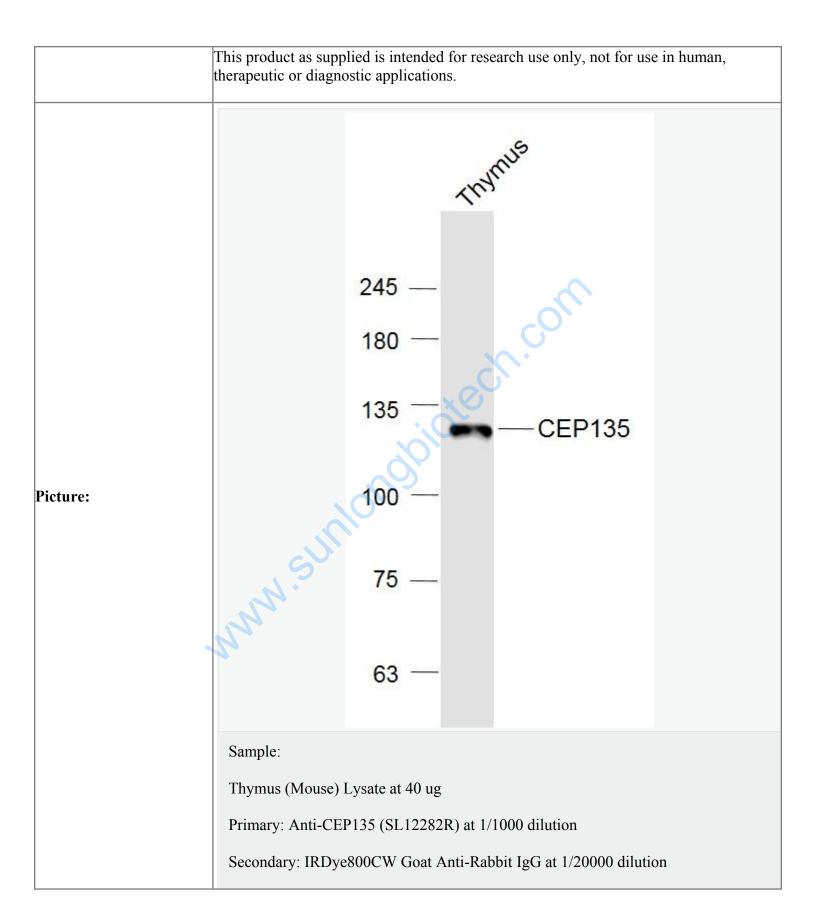
SwissProt: Q66GS9Human

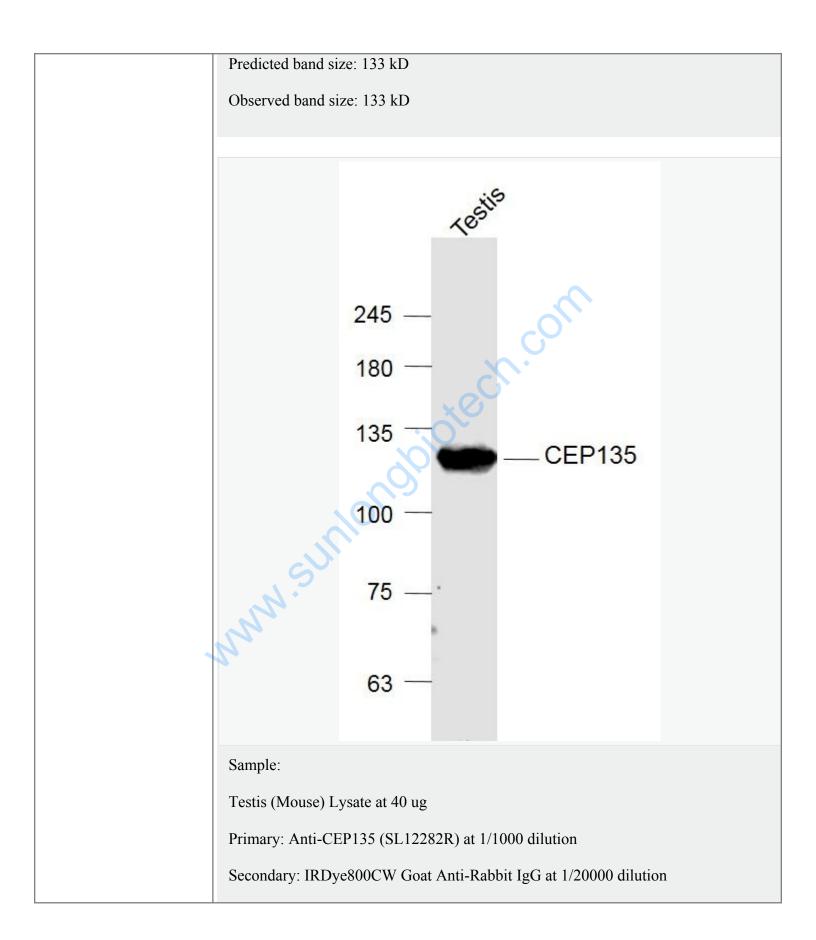
SwissProt: Q6P5D4Mouse

Unigene: 518767Human

Unigene: 332452Mouse

Important Note:





Predicted band size: 133 kD
Observed band size: 133 kD

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