



Rabbit Anti-TCTN2 antibody

SL12320R

Product Name:	TCTN2
Chinese Name:	结构蛋白家族2抗体
Alias:	C12orf38; FLJ12975; MKS8; OTTHUMP00000239215; OTTHUMP00000239216; Tctn2; TECT2; TECT2_HUMAN; Tectonic family member 2; Tectonic-2.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	74kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmicThe cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from Human TCTN2:61-160/697<Extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Defects in TCTN2 are the cause of Meckel syndrome type 8 (MKS8) [MIM:613885]. A disorder characterized by a combination of renal cysts and variably associated features including developmental anomalies of the central nervous system (typically encephalocele), hepatic ductal dysplasia and cysts, and polydactyly.

Function:

Component of the tectonic-like complex, a complex localized at the transition zone of primary cilia and acting as a barrier that prevents diffusion of transmembrane proteins between the cilia and plasma membranes. Required for hedgehog signaling transduction (By similarity).

Subunit:

Part of the tectonic-like complex (also named B9 complex) (By similarity).

Subcellular Location:

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein (Potential). Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body (By similarity). Note=Localizes at the transition zone, a region between the basal body and the ciliary axoneme (By similarity).

DISEASE:

Defects in TCTN2 are the cause of Meckel syndrome type 8 (MKS8) [MIM:613885]. A disorder characterized by a combination of renal cysts and variably associated features including developmental anomalies of the central nervous system (typically encephalocele), hepatic ductal dysplasia and cysts, and polydactyly.

Note=Defects in TCTN2 may be a cause of Joubert syndrome, a disorder presenting with cerebellar ataxia, oculomotor apraxia, hypotonia, neonatal breathing abnormalities and psychomotor delay. Neuroradiologically, it is characterized by cerebellar vermian hypoplasia/aplasia, thickened and reoriented superior cerebellar peduncles, and an abnormally large interpeduncular fossa, giving the appearance of a molar tooth on transaxial slices (molar tooth sign). Additional variable features include retinal dystrophy and adrenal disease.

Similarity:

Belongs to the tectonic family.

SWISS:

Q96GX1

Gene ID:

79867

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 79867](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 67978](#) Mouse

[Omim: 613846](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q96GX1](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q2MV57](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 167165](#)Human

[Unigene: 93193](#)Mouse

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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