

Rabbit Anti-AMHR2 antibody

SL12414R

Product Name:	AMHR2
Chinese Name:	缪勒激素2型受体抗体
Alias:	AMH type II receptor; AMHR2; AMHR2_HUMAN; Anti-Muellerian hormone type II receptor; Anti-Muellerian hormone type-2 receptor; MGC141312; MIS type II receptor; MISRII; MRII; Muellerian hormone type 2 receptor; Muellerian hormone type II receptor; Mullerian hormone receptor type II.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Horse,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000Flow-Cyt=1µg/Test
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	61kDa 🧹
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human MISRII/AMHR2:21- 120/573 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	MISR II is a 573 amino acid protein encoded by the human gene AMHR2. MISR II belongs to the protein kinase superfamily, TKL Ser/Thr protein kinase family, TGFB receptor subfamily and contains one protein kinase domain. Upon ligand binding, MISR II forms a receptor complex consisting of two type II and two type I transmembrane

serine/threonine kinases. These type II receptors phospho-rylate and activate type I receptors which autophosphorylate, then bind and activate Smad transcriptional regulators. MISR II also acts as a receptor for anti-Muellerian hormone. Defects in AMHR2 are the cause of persistent Muellerian duct syndrome type 2 (PMDS-2). PMDS-2 is a form of male pseudo-hermaphroditism characterized by a failure of Muellerian duct regression in otherwise normal males.

Function:

On ligand binding, forms a receptor complex consisting of two type II and two type I transmembrane serine/threonine kinases. Type II receptors phosphorylate and activate type I receptors which autophosphorylate, then bind and activate SMAD transcriptional regulators. Receptor for anti-Muellerian hormone.

Subcellular Location: Membrane.

DISEASE:

Defects in AMHR2 are the cause of persistent Muellerian duct syndrome type 2 (PMDS2) [MIM:261550]. PMDS2 is a form of male pseudohermaphroditism characterized by a failure of Muellerian duct regression in otherwise normal males.

Similarity:

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. TKL Ser/Thr protein kinase family. TGFB receptor subfamily. Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

SWISS: Q16671

Gene ID: 269

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 269 Human

Entrez Gene: 29530 Rat

<u>Omim: 600956</u> Human

SwissProt: Q16671 Human

SwissProt: Q62893 Rat

Unigene: 659889 Human





