

Rabbit Anti-Blood Group Lewis b antibody

SL12871R

Blood Group Lewis b
粘蛋白/岩藻糖基转移酶3抗体
Blood group Lewis alpha-4-fucosyltransferase; Fucosyltransferase 3; Fucosyltransferase III; FucT-III; FUT3; FUT3_HUMAN; Galactoside 3(4)-L- fucosyltransferase; gastric mucin; leB; lewis antigen system; lewis b; Lewis B Blood Group antigen; Lewis FT; lewisb; major airway glycoprotein; MUC5; mucin 5, subtypes A and C, tracheobronchial/gastric; mucin 5AC, oligomeric mucus/gel- forming; mucin 5AC, oligomeric mucus/gel-forming pseudogene; mucin-5 subtype AC, tracheobronchial; TBM; tracheobronchial mucin.
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Human,
ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100- 500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
42kDa
cytoplasmicThe cell membrane
Lyophilized or Liquid
1mg/ml
KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Blood Group Lewis b:165-280/361
IgG
affinity purified by Protein A
0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed

Product Detail:	Glycosyltransferases that mediate the regio- and stereoselective transfer of sugars, such as the fucosyltransferases, determine cell surface-carbohydrate profiles, which is an essential interface for biological recognition processes. Fucosyltransferases catalyze the covalent association of fucose to different positional linkages in sugar acceptor molecules. The carbohydrate moieties generated and covalently attached to cell surfaces are necessary to ensure a surface contour that satisfies physiological roles, which are reliant on adhesion molecules such as Sclectins (1-3). Hematopoietic lineages rely on Fucosyltransferases to confer a surface carbohydrate phenotype, which mediates proper cell adhesion molecule recruitment and cell trafficking (4-6). Blood Group Lewis b is a carbohydrate determinant carried on both glycolipids and glycoproteins. Function: Blood group Lewis b is a carbohydrate determinant carried on both glycolipids and glycoproteins, detected on erythrocytes, certain epithelial cells, and in secretions of certain individuals. Subcellular Location: Plasma membrane - adsorbed onto the surface of erythrocytes. Tissue Specificity: Highly expressed in stomach, colon, smallintestine, lung and kidney and to a lesser extent in salivarygland, bladder, uterus and liver. Similarity: Belongs to the glycosyltransferase 10 family. SWISS: P21217 Gene ID: 2525 Database links: Entrez Gene: 2525Human Omim: 111100Human SwissProt. P21217Human Unigene: 169238Human
	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,
	therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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