

Rabbit Anti-Phospho-c-Fos (Ser374) antibody

SL12911R

D I (N)	DI 1 F (C 274)
Product Name:	Phospho-c-Fos (Ser374)
Chinese Name:	磷酸化c-fos抗体
Alias:	c-Fos (phospho S374); c-Fos (phospho-Ser374); c-Fos (phospho Ser374); p-c-Fos (Ser374); Cellular oncogene fos; FBJ murine osteosarcoma viral v fos oncogene homolog antibody FBJ Osteosarcoma Virus; FOS; FOS protein; G0 G1 switch regulatory protein 7; G0S7; Oncogene FOS; Proto oncogene protein c fos; v fos FBJ murine osteosarcoma viral oncogene homolog; AP-1; p55; FOS_HUMAN; Proto-oncogene c-Fos; G0/G1 switch regulatory protein 7.
文献引用	Specific References(1) SL12911R has been referenced in 1 publications. [IF=8.81]Liu, Jing-Jing, et al. "A novel AP-1/miR-101 regulatory feedback loop and its
Pub Med	implication in the migration and invasion of hepatoma cells." Nucleic Acids Research (2014): gku872. WB;Human .
	<u>PubMed:25260594</u>
	N
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	41kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleus
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human c-Fos around the phosphorylation site of Ser374:LS(p-S)PT

Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	The Fos gene family consists of 4 members: FOS, FOSB, FOSL1, and FOSL2. These genes encode leucine zipper proteins that can dimerize with proteins of the JUN family, thereby forming the transcription factor complex AP-1. As such, the FOS proteins have been implicated as regulators of cell proliferation, differentiation, and transformation. In some cases, expression of the FOS gene has also been associated with apoptotic cell death. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]. Function: Nuclear phosphoprotein which forms a tight butnon-covalently linked complex with the JUN/AP-1 transcriptionfactor. In the heterodimer, FOS and JUN/AP-1 basic regions eachseems to interact with symmetrical DNA half sites. On TGF-betaactivation, forms a multimeric SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complex at theAP1/SMAD-binding site to regulate TGF-beta-mediated signaling. Hasa critical function in regulating the Has a critical function inregulating the development of cells destined to form and maintainthe skeleton. It is thought to have an important role in signaltransduction, cell proliferation and differentiation. Subunit: Heterodimer; with JUN (By similarity). Interacts withMAFB. Component of the SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complexrequired for syngernistic TGF-beta-mediated transcription at theAP1 promoter site. Interacts with SMAD3; the interaction is weakeven on TGF-beta activation. Interacts with MAFB. Interacts withDSIPI; this interaction inhibits the binding of active AP1 to itstarget DNA. Subcellular Location: Nucleus. Post-translational modifications: Phosphorylated in the C-terminal upon stimulation by nerve growth factor (NGF) and epidermal growth factor (EGF). Phosphorylated, in vitro, by MAPK and RSK1. Phosphorylation on both Ser-362 and Ser-374 by MAPK1/2 and RSK1/2 leads to protein stabilization with phosphorylation on Ser-374 being the major site for protein stabilization on NGF stimulation. Phosphorylation on Ser-362 and Ser-374 primes further phosphorylations on Thr-325 and Thr-331 through promoting docking of MAPK to the DEF domain. Phosp

heterodimerization with JUN and is enhanced by mitogen stimulation. Sumoylation inhibits the AP-1 transcriptional activity and is, itself, inhibited by Ras-activated phosphorylation on Thr-232.

Similarity:

Belongs to the bZIP family. Fos subfamily.

Contains 1 bZIP domain.

SWISS: P01100

Gene ID: 2353

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 2353Human

Entrez Gene: 14281Mouse

Entrez Gene: 314322Rat

Omim: 164810Human

SwissProt: P01100Human

SwissProt: P01101Mouse

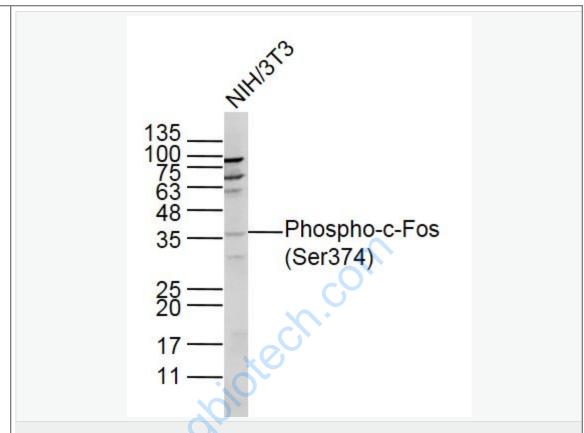
SwissProt: P12841Rat

Unigene: 246513Mouse

Unigene: 103750Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Sample:

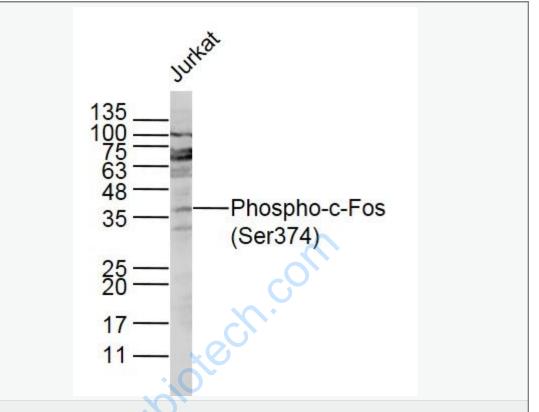
NIH/3T3 Cell (Mouse) Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti- Phospho-c-Fos (Ser374) (SL12911R) at 1/300 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 41 kD

Observed band size: 36 kD



Sample:

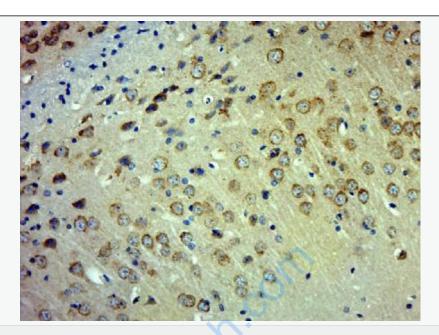
Jurkat Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti- Phospho-c-Fos (Ser374) (SL12911R) at 1/300 dilution

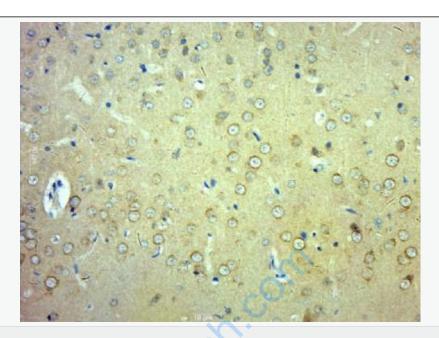
Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 41 kD

Observed band size: 36 kD



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Phospho-c-Fos (Ser374)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL12911R) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary (sp-0023) for 20 minutes and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Phospho-c-Fos (Ser374)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL12911R) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary (sp-0023) for 20 minutes and DAB staining.