

Rabbit Anti-DCPS antibody

SL12987R

DCPS
清道夫脱帽酶/热休克蛋白1抗体
1700001E16Rik; AA408441; DCPS; DCPS_HUMAN; DCS 1; DCS-1; DCS1; Decapping enzyme scavenger; heat shock-like protein 1; Hint 5; Hint related 7meGMP directed hydrolase; HINT-5; Hint-related 7meGMP-directed hydrolase; HINT5; Histidine triad protein member 5; homolog of C. elegans 7meGMP-directed hydrolase dcs-1; HSL1; HSPC015; m7GpppX diphosphatase; MGC124934; mRNA decapping enzyme; OTTMUSP00000042220; Scavenger mRNA decapping enzyme DcpS; Scavenger mRNA-decapping enzyme DcpS.
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Human, Mouse, Rat,
WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100- 500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
38kDa
The nucleuscytoplasmic
Lyophilized or Liquid
1mg/ml
KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human DCPS:101-200/337
IgG
affinity purified by Protein A
0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed
Eukaryotic cells primarily utilize exoribonucleases and decapping enzymes to degrade

their mRNA. DcpS is a scavenger pyrophosphatase that hydrolyzes the residual cap structure following 3' to 5' decay of an mRNA. Following mRNA degradation DcpS releases N-7 methyl guanosine monophosphate and 5'-diphosphate terminated cap or mRNA products. The central histidine within the DcpS HIT motif is critical for decapping activity and defines the HIT motif as a new mRNA decapping domain, making DcpS the first member of the HIT family of proteins with a defined biological function. HIT proteins are homodimeric and contain two conserved 100-amino-acid HIT fold domains with independent active sites that are each sufficient to bind and hydrolyze cognate substrates.

Function:

Necessary for the complete degradation of mRNAs, both in normal mRNA turnover and in nonsense-mediated mRNA decay. Removes the 7-methyl guanine cap structure from mRNA fragments shorter than 10 nucleotides that are produced by 3'->5' exosome-mediated mRNA decay. Releases m7GMP. Can also degrade m7GDP to m7GMP. Has no activity towards mRNA molecules longer than 25 nucleotides.

Subunit:

Homodimer. Associates with components of the exosome multienzyme ribonuclease complex, such as EXOSC3 and EXOSC4. Interacts with NDOR1.

Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm. Nucleus.

Tissue Specificity: Detected in liver, brain, kidney, testis and prostate.

Similarity: Belongs to the HIT family.

SWISS: Q96C86

Gene ID: 28960

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 28960Human

Omim: 610534Human

SwissProt: Q96C86Human

Unigene: 504249Human

		Important Note: This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Picture: Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Incubation: Anti-DCPS Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL12987R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining	Picture:	Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Incubation: Anti-DCPS Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL12987R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and