

# Rabbit Anti-Phospho-EEF2 (Thr56 + Thr58) antibody

# SL13057R

| Product Name:          | Phospho-EEF2 (Thr56 + Thr58)   |
|------------------------|--|
| Chinese Name:          | 磷酸化真核翻译延长因子2抗体   |
| Alias:                 | EEF2 (phospho T56 + T58); p-EEF2 (phospho T56 + T58); EEF 2; Eef2; EF-2; EF2; EF2_HUMAN; Elongation factor 2; Eukaryotic translation elongation factor 2; Polypeptidyl tRNA translocase.   |
|                        |  |
| Organism Species:      | Rabbit   |
| Clonality:             | Polyclonal   |
| React Species:         | Human, Mouse, Rat,   |
| Applications:          | WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.  |
| Molecular weight:      | 95kDa  |
| Cellular localization: | cytoplasmic  |
| Form:                  | Lyophilized or Liquid  |
| <b>Concentration:</b>  | lmg/ml   |
| immunogen:             | KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human EEF2 around the phosphorylation site of Thr56+Thr58:RF(p-T)D(p-T)RK   |
| Lsotype:               | IgG  |
| Purification:          | affinity purified by Protein A   |
| Storage Buffer:        | 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.   |
| Storage:               | Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C. |
| PubMed:                | <u>PubMed</u>  |
| Product Detail:        | EEF2 is a member of the GTP-binding translation elongation factor family. This protein   |

is an essential factor for protein synthesis. It promotes the GTP-dependent translocation of the nascent protein chain from the A-site to the P-site of the ribosome. This protein is completely inactivated by EF-2 kinase phosporylation.

#### Function:

Catalyzes the GTP-dependent ribosomal translocation step during translation elongation. During this step, the ribosome changes from the pre-translocational (PRE) to the post-translocational (POST) state as the newly formed A-site-bound peptidyl-tRNA and P-site-bound deacylated tRNA move to the P and E sites, respectively. Catalyzes the coordinated movement of the two tRNA molecules, the mRNA and conformational changes in the ribosome.

#### **Subunit:**

Component of the mRNA surveillance SURF complex, at leastcomposed of ERF1, ERF3 (ERF3A or ERF3B), EEF2, UPF1/RENT1, SMG1,SMG8 and SMG9.

# **Subcellular Location:**

Cytoplasm.

### Post-translational modifications:

Phosphorylation by EF-2 kinase completely inactivates EF-2. Diphthamide is 2-[3-carboxyamido-3-(trimethyl-ammonio)propyl]histidine. Diphthamide can be ADP-ribosylated by diphtheria toxin and by Pseudomonas exotoxin A, thus arresting protein synthesis. ISGylated.

#### Similarity:

Belongs to the GTP-binding elongation factor family. EF-G/EF-2 subfamily.

# **SWISS:**

P13639

# Gene ID:

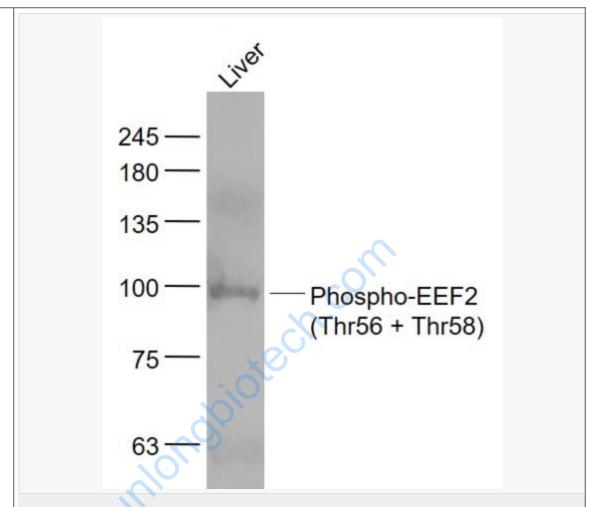
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#### Database links:

UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot: P13639.4

#### **Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Sample:

Liver (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti- Phospho-EEF2 (Thr56 + Thr58) (SL13057R) at 1/1000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 95 kD

Observed band size: 95 kD