

Rabbit Anti-GCC1 antibody

SL13310R

Product Name:	GCC1
Chinese Name:	高尔基体卷曲螺旋蛋白1抗体
Alias:	GCC protein; GCC1P; GCC88; Golgi coiled coil 1; Golgi coiled coil protein 1; GRIP and coiled coil domain containing 1; Peripheral membrane Golgi protein; GCC1 HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Sheep,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	88kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmicThe cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GCC1:401-500/775
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	GCC1 is a 775 amino acid cytoplasmic and peripheral membrane protein of the Golgi apparatus. Involved in maintenance of Golgi structure, GCC1 is essential for retrograde transport of cargo from the early endosomes to the trans-Golgi network. GCC1 contains one GRIP domain and is encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 7q32.1. Chromosome 7 houses over 1,000 genes, comprises nearly 5% of the human genome

and has been linked to Osteogenesis imperfecta, Pendred syndrome, Lissencephaly, Citrullinemia and Shwachman-Diamond syndrome.

Function:

GCC1 is a peripheral membrane protein and is sensitive to brefeldin A. GCC1 contains a GRIP domain which is thought to be used in targeting. It may play a role in the organization of trans-Golgi network subcompartment involved with membrane transport.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm. Golgi apparatus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein.

Similarity:

Contains 1 GRIP domain.

SWISS:

Q96CN9

Gene ID:

79571

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 79571Human

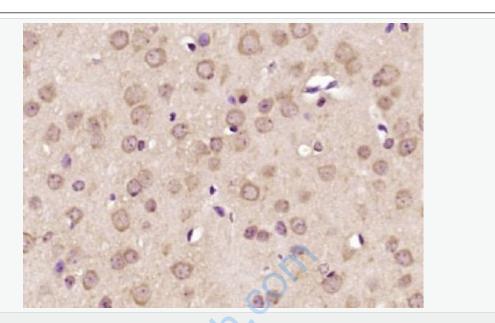
Omim: 607418Human

SwissProt: Q96CN9Human

Unigene: 521168Human

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (GCC1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL13310R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.