

Rabbit Anti-MAP2K1IP1 antibody

SL13688R

Product Name:	MAP2K1IP1
Chinese Name:	丝裂原活化蛋白激酶相互作用蛋白1抗体
Alias:	LAMTOR3; Late endosomal/lysosomal adaptor and MAPK and MTOR activator 3; LTOR3_HUMAN; MAP2K1IP1; MEK binding partner 1; MEK partner 1; MEK-binding partner 1; Mitogen activated protein kinase kinase 1 interacting protein 1; Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 1-interacting protein 1; Mitogen-activated protein kinase scaffold protein 1; MP1; Ragulator complex protein LAMTOR3.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Cow, Zebrafish,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	13.6kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human MAP2K1IP1:5-100/124
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	This gene encodes a scaffold protein that functions in the extracellular signal-regulated kinase (ERK) cascade. The protein is localized to late endosomes by the mitogenactivated protein-binding protein-interacting protein, and binds specifically to MAP

kinase kinase MAP2K1/MEK1, MAP kinase MAPK3/ERK1, and MAP kinase MAPK1/ERK2. Studies of the orthologous gene in mouse indicate that it regulates late endosomal traffic and cell proliferation. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene. A pseudogene of this gene is located on the long arm of chromosome 13. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2011]

Function:

As part of the Ragulator complex it is involved in amino acid sensing and activation of mTORC1, a signaling complex promoting cell growth in response to growth factors, energy levels, and amino acids. Activated by amino acids through a mechanism involving the lysosomal V-ATPase, the Ragulator functions as a guanine nucleotide exchange factor activating the small GTPases Rag. Activated Ragulator and Rag GTPases function as a scaffold recruiting mTORC1 to lysosomes where it is in turn activated. Adapter protein that enhances the efficiency of the MAP kinase cascade facilitating the activation of MAPK2.

Subcellular Location:

Late endosome membrane.

Similarity:

Belongs to the LAMTOR3 family.

SWISS:

Q9UHA4

Gene ID:

8649

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 8649 Human

Entrez Gene: 56692 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 362045 Rat

Omim: 603296 Human

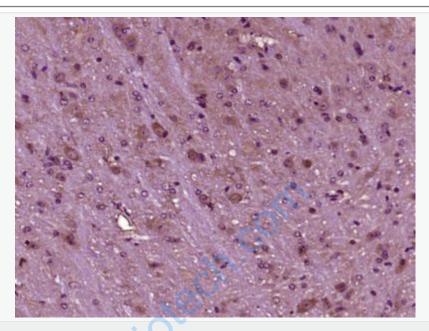
SwissProt: Q9UHA4 Human

SwissProt: O88653 Mouse

SwissProt: Q5U204 Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (MAP2K1IP1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL13688R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.