

Rabbit Anti-ADAM13 antibody

SL13736R

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Product Name:	ADAM13
Chinese Name:	去整合素样金属蛋白酶13抗体
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Xenopus (Silurana) tropicalis 😱 🦳
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-
	500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	68kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from Xenopus (Silurana) tropicalis
	ADAM13:701-800/911
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year
	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	ADAM13 was first described as a protein expressed in somatic mesoderm and neural
	crest cells, in developing Xenopus embryos. ADAM13 was also found in liver, heart,
	and intestines from adult Xenopus. ADAM13 may regulate cellular signaling via Src
	and Src tyrosine kinase. ADAM13 may also act as a cell attachment molecule, by
	binding integrins through the cysteine rich domain amoung many other roles. A
	member of the metalloproteinase family containing disintegrin like domains (ADAMs)
	the functions of ADAM13 are still poorly understood. ADAM13 contains the canonical

HExxHxxxxH zinc metalloproteinase motif, as well as disintegrin, cysteine rich, EFG like, transmembrane and Cytoplasmic domains. ADAM13 has been shown to be proteolytically active, cleaving fibronectin after binding it to the EGF like domain. ADAM13 is also shed from cells in culture, cleaved aminoterminal from the transmembrane domain, and is released into the culture media. Shed ADAM13 is a 52 kD protein, and can form complexes with a2 macroglobulin, suggesting it is a competent protease. Xenopus ADAM13 has greatest homology with human ADAM 33 (51% identical), and is 46% identical with human or mouse ADAM12 or ADAM19. It is still unclear if any of these ADAMs are species orthologs of Xenopus ADAM13, but there are significant differences between the related sequences, suggesting that ADAM13 may be a unique protein. The full length Xenopus ADAM13 sequence codes for a 914 amino acid protein. Predicted mass is 99.749 kD, but glycosylation and cyteine rich regions give Xenopus ADAM13 an apparent MW of 120 kD unprocessed, and 97 kD processed forms, on reduced SDS PAGE gels. ADAM13 contains a putative furin cleavage site, suggesting that a prohormone convertase cleaves the propeptide domain away from the catalytic domain

SWISS: N/A

Gene ID: 386623

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 386623 Xenopus laevis

Unigene: 166 Xenopus laevis

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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