

Rabbit Anti-Claudin 19 antibody

SL13749R

Product Name:	Claudin 19
Chinese Name:	紧密连接蛋白19抗体
Alias:	Claudin 19; CLDN 19; CLD19_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Cow, Horse, Sheep,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-
	500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	23kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Claudin 19:21-
	120/224 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year
	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	The Claudin superfamily consists of many structurally related proteins in humans. These
	proteins are important structural and functional components of tight junctions in
	paracellular transport. Claudins are located in both epithelial and endothelial cells in all
	tight junction-bearing tissues. Three classes of proteins are known to localize to tight
	junctions, including the claudins, Occludin and Junction adhesion molecules. Claudins,
	which consist of four transmembrane domains and two extracellular loops, make up tight

junction strands. Claudin expression is often highly restricted to specfic regions of different tissues and may have an important role in transcellular transport through tight junctions. Claudin-19 is a 224 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that belongs to the claudin family and is expressed as two isoforms due to alternative splicing events. Defects in the gene encoding claudin-19 are the cause of hypomagnesemia renal with ocular involvement (HOMGO), a renal disease characterized by hypomagnesemia, hypercalciuria and nephrocalcinosis.

Function:

CLDN19 belongs to the claudin family. It plays a major role in tight junction-specific obliteration of the intercellular space, through calcium-independent cell-adhesion activity.

Subcellular Location:

Cell junction, tight junction. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Similarity:

Belongs to the claudin family.

SWISS:

Q8N6F1

Gene ID:

149461

Database links:

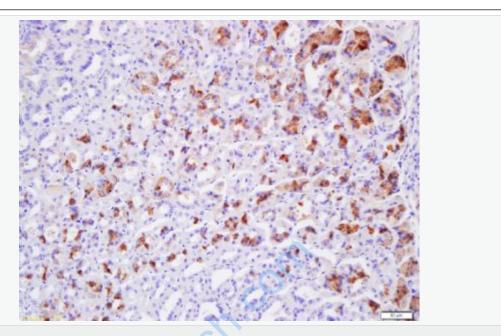
Entrez Gene: 149461 Human

Omim: 610036 Human

SwissProt: Q8N6F1 Human

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Tissue/cell: mouse stomach tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffinembedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-claudin-19 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL13749R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining