

Rabbit Anti-APG4B antibody

SL1384R

Product Name:	APG4B				
Chinese Name:					
Alias:	APG4B; ATG4 autophagy related 4 homolog B (S. cerevisiae); AUT like 1 cysteine endopeptidase; AUTL1; Autophagin 1; Autophagy related cysteine endopeptidase 1; Autophagy related protein 4 homolog B; Cysteine protease ATG4B; hAPG4B; MGC1353br.				
Organism Species:	Rabbit				
Clonality:	Polyclonal				
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Cow,				
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100- 500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.				
Molecular weight:	44kDa				
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmic				
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid				
Concentration:	1mg/ml				
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human APG4B:85-200/392				
Lsotype:	IgG				
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A				
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.				
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.				
PubMed:	PubMed				
Product Detail:	Autophagy is the process by which endogenous proteins and damaged organelles are destroyed intracellularly. Autophagy is postulated to be essential for cell homeostasis and cell remodeling during differentiation, metamorphosis, non-apoptotic cell death, and aging. Reduced levels of autophagy have been described in some malignant tumors, and				

a role for autophagy in controlling the unregulated cell growth linked to cancer has been proposed. This gene encodes a member of the autophagin protein family. The encoded protein is also designated as a member of the C-54 family of cysteine proteases. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function:

Cysteine protease required for autophagy, which cleaves the C-terminal part of either MAP1LC3, GABARAPL2 or GABARAP, allowing the liberation of form I. A subpopulation of form I is subsequently converted to a smaller form (form II). Form II, with a revealed C-terminal glycine, is considered to be the phosphatidylethanolamine (PE)-conjugated form, and has the capacity for the binding to autophagosomes.

Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm (Probable).

Tissue Specificity: Mainly expressed in the skeletal muscle, followed by brain, heart, liver and pancreas.

Similarity: Belongs to the peptidase C54 family.

SWISS: Q9Y4P1

Gene ID: 23192

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 23192 Human

Entrez Gene: 66615 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 316640 Rat

<u>Omim: 611338</u> Human

SwissProt: Q9Y4P1 Human

SwissProt: Q8BGE6 Mouse

SwissProt: Q62625 Rat

Unigene: 283610 Human

Unigene: 29087 Mouse

Jni	gene:	1630	86	Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Autophagy(Autophagy)是一种非凋亡性的程序性细胞死亡即自噬性程序性细胞死 亡,进化过程中高度保守,清除降解细胞内受损伤的细胞结构、衰老的细胞器、以及 不再需要的生物大分子等,在细胞的生长、发育和疾病发生中起着重要的作用。Aut ophagy是一个高效调控过程,特异性激酶和鸟嘌呤核苷酸磷酸酶(GTPases)在调节 自噬通道活性中起着关键作用.



Picture:

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (APG4B) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL1384R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

