



Rabbit Anti-CGGBP1 antibody

SL13879R

Product Name:	CGGBP1
Chinese Name:	CGGBinding protein1 抗体
Alias:	20 kDa CGG binding protein; 20 kDa CGG-binding protein; CGBP1_HUMAN; CGG binding protein 1; CGG triplet repeat binding protein 1; CGG triplet repeat-binding protein 1; CGG-binding protein 1; CGGBP 1; CGGBP; Cggbp1; OTTHUMP00000213853; OTTHUMP00000213877; p20 CGG binding protein; p20 CGGBP; p20 CGGBP DNA binding protein; p20-CGGBP DNA-binding protein.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Pig,Cow,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	19kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleus
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CGGBP1:1-100/167
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Fragile X syndrome is the most frequent form of inherited mental retardation and is the result of transcriptional silencing of the FMR1 (fragile X mental retardation) gene on the X chromosome. The FMR1 gene contains a distinct CpG dinucleotide repeat

located in the 5'-untranslated region of the gene which, in fragile X syndrome, is substantially amplified and subject to extensive methylation and enhanced transcriptional silencing. CGGBP1 (CGG triplet repeat binding protein 1), also known as CGGBP or p20-CGGBP, is a 167 amino acid nuclear protein that influences FMR1 expression. Highly expressed in thymus, placenta, lymph nodes, cerebral cortex and cerebellum, CGGBP1 binds to the 5' (CGG)_n-3' repeat in the promoter of the FMR1 gene and positively regulates expression of the FMR1 protein. Binding of CGGBP1 to the FMR1 promoter is inhibited by cytosine-specific DNA methylation of the protein binding motif, suggesting that CGGBP1 activity is silenced in FMR1-affected individuals.

Function:

Binds to nonmethylated 5'-d(CGG)_n-3' trinucleotide repeats in the FMR1 promoter. May play a role in regulating FMR1 promoter.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus.

Tissue Specificity:

Ubiquitous. Highly expressed in placenta, thymus, lymph nodes, cerebellum and cerebral cortex. Low expression in other regions of the brain.

Post-translational modifications:

Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.

SWISS:

Q9UFW8

Gene ID:

8545

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 8545](#) Human

[Omim: 603363](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q9UFW8](#) Human

[Unigene: 444818](#) Human

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

