

# Rabbit Anti-C2b antibody

# SL15142R

Product Name:	C2b
Chinese Name:	补 <b>体</b> C2b链 <b>多</b> 肽 <b>抗体</b>
Alias:	C2; C2 protein; C2b; C3/C5 convertase; CO 2; CO2; complement C2; Complement C2b fragment; Complement component 2; complement component C2; DKFZp779M0311; OTTHUMP00000062690; CO2_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800(Paraffin
	sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	25kDa
Cellular localization:	Secretory protein
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Complement C2b fragment :151-250/752
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Component C2 is a serum glycoprotein that functions as part of the classical pathway of the complement system. Activated C1 cleaves C2 into C2a and C2b. The serine proteinase C2a then combines with complement factor 4b to create the C3 or C5 convertase. Deficiency of C2 has been reported to associated with certain autoimmune

diseases and SNPs in this gene have been associated with altered susceptibility to agerelated macular degeneration. This gene localizes within the class III region of the MHC on the short arm of chromosome 6. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. Additional transcript variants have been described in publications but their full-length sequence has not been determined.[provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009].

#### **Function:**

Component C2 which is part of the classical pathway of the complement system is cleaved by activated factor C1 into two fragments: C2b and C2a. C2a, a serine protease, then combines with complement factor 4b to generate the C3 or C5 convertase.

#### Subunit:

C2a interacts with Schistosoma haematobium TOR (viaN-terminal extracellular domain). This results in inhibition of the classical and lectin pathway of complement activation, probably due to interference with binding of C2a to C4b such that C3 convertase cannot be formed. This infers resistance to complement-mediated cell lysis, allowing parasite survival and infection.

### **Subcellular Location:**

Secreted.

#### **DISEASE:**

Defects in C2 are the cause of complement component 2deficiency (C2D) [MIM:217000]. A deficiency of the complement classical pathway associated with the development of autoimmunedisorders, mainly systemic lupus erythematosus. Skin and jointmanifestations are common and renal disease is relatively rare. Patients with complement component 2 deficiency are also reported to have recurrent or invasive infections.

## Similarity:

Belongs to the peptidase S1 family.

Contains 1 peptidase S1 domain.

Contains 3 Sushi (CCP/SCR) domains.

Contains 1 VWFA domain.

#### **SWISS:**

P06681

#### Gene ID:

717

#### Database links:

Entrez Gene: 12263 Mouse

SwissProt: P21180Mouse

Important Note:
This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,
therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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