

Rabbit Anti-SKT antibody

SL17511R

| Product Name: | SKT |
|------------------------|---|
| Chinese Name: | SKT蛋白抗体 |
| Alias: | DKFZP761L0424; KIAA1217; Likely orthologue of Mus musculus enhancer trap locus |
| | 4; Sickle tail protein homolog; SKT; SKT_HUMAN. |
| Organism Species: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| React Species: | Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, |
| Applications: | ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100- |
| | 500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) |
| | not yet tested in other applications. |
| | optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user. |
| Molecular weight: | 214kDa |
| Cellular localization: | cytoplasmic 2 |
| Form: | Lyophilized or Liquid |
| Concentration: | 1mg/ml |
| immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SKT:1701-1800/1943 |
| Lsotype: | IgG |
| Purification: | affinity purified by Protein A |
| Storage Buffer: | 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. |
| Storage: | Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized |
| | antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year |
| | when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of |
| | antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C. |
| PubMed: | PubMed |
| Product Detail: | SKT is a 1,943 amino acid protein that localizes to cytoplasm. The SKT protein is |
| | required for normal development of intervertebral disks. Existing as seven alternatively |
| | spliced isoforms, the SKT gene is conserved in chimpanzee, dog, cow, mouse, rat, |
| | chicken and zebrafish, and maps to human chromosome 10p12.2. Spanning nearly 135 |
| | million base pairs, chromosome 10 makes up approximately 4.5% of total DNA in cells |
| | and encodes nearly 1,200 genes. Several protein-coding genes, including those that |

encode for chemokines, cadherins, excision repair proteins, early growth response factors (Egrs) and fibroblast growth receptors (FGFRs), are located on chromosome 10. Defects in some of the genes that map to chromosome 10 are associated with Charcot-Marie Tooth disease, Jackson-Weiss syndrome, Usher syndrome, nonsyndromatic deafness, Wolman's syndrome, Cowden syndrome, multiple endocrine neoplasia type 2 and porphyria.

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Function: Required for normal development of intervertebral disks.

Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm.

SWISS: Q5T5P2

Gene ID: 56243

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 56243 Human

SwissProt: Q5T5P2 Human

Unigene: 445885 Human

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.