

Rabbit Anti-OR51I2 antibody

SL17554R

Product Name:	OR51I2
Chinese Name:	嗅觉受体51I2抗体
Alias:	HOR5'Beta12; O51I2_HUMAN; Odorant receptor HOR5"beta12; Olfactory receptor 51I2; Olfactory receptor OR11-38; Olfactory receptor, family 51, subfamily I, member 2; OR11 38; OR51I2.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100- 500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	35kDa 🧹
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human OR51I2:101- 200/312 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with

many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function:
Odorant receptor.
Subcellular Location:
Cell membrane.
Similarity:
SWISS:
Q9H344
Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family. SWISS: Q9H344 Gene ID: 390064 Database links:
Database links:
Entrez Gene: 390064 Human
<u>SwissProt: Q9H344</u> Human
<u>Unigene: 553733</u> Human
N.S.
Important Note:
This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
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