



## Rabbit Anti-MPI/Mannose Phosphate Isomerase antibody

SL18654R

<b>Product Name:</b>	MPI/Mannose Phosphate Isomerase
<b>Chinese Name:</b>	磷酸甘露糖异构酶抗体
<b>Alias:</b>	PMI1; CDG1B; FLJ39201; Mannose 6 phosphate isomerase; Mannose-6-phosphate isomerase; MANNOSEPHOSPHATE ISOMERASE; MGC94106; MPI; MPI_HUMAN; Phosphohexomutase; phosphomannose isomerase 1; Phosphomannose isomerase; PMI.
<b>Organism Species:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>React Species:</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat,Pig,Cow,Horse,Sheep,
<b>Applications:</b>	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Molecular weight:</b>	46kDa
<b>Cellular localization:</b>	cytoplasmic
<b>Form:</b>	Lyophilized or Liquid
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>immunogen:</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human MPI/Mannose Phosphate Isomerase:61-160/423
<b>Lsotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Purification:</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
<b>PubMed:</b>	<a href="#">PubMed</a>
<b>Product Detail:</b>	Phosphomannose isomerase catalyzes the interconversion of fructose-6-phosphate and

mannose-6-phosphate and plays a critical role in maintaining the supply of D-mannose derivatives, which are required for most glycosylation reactions. Mutations in the MPI gene were found in patients with carbohydrate-deficient glycoprotein syndrome, type Ib. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2014]

**Function:**

Involved in the synthesis of the GDP-mannose and dolichol-phosphate-mannose required for a number of critical mannosyl transfer reactions.

**Subcellular Location:**

Cytoplasm.

**Tissue Specificity:**

Expressed in all tissues, but more abundant in heart, brain and skeletal muscle.

**DISEASE:**

Defects in MPI are the cause of congenital disorder of glycosylation type 1B (CDG1B) [MIM:602579]; also known as carbohydrate-deficient glycoprotein syndrome type Ib (CDGS1B). Congenital disorders of glycosylation are metabolic deficiencies in glycoprotein biosynthesis that usually cause severe mental and psychomotor retardation. They are characterized by under-glycosylated serum glycoproteins. CDG1B is clinically characterized by protein-losing enteropathy.

**Similarity:**

Belongs to the mannose-6-phosphate isomerase type 1 family.

**SWISS:**

P34949

**Gene ID:**

4351

**Database links:**

[Entrez Gene: 4351](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 513586](#) Cow

[Entrez Gene: 110119](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 300741](#) Rat

[Omim: 154550](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q3SZI0](#) Cow

[SwissProt: P34949](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q924M7](#) Mouse

[SwissProt: Q68FX1](#) Rat

[Unigene: 75694](#) Human

[Unigene: 247218](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 44246](#) Rat

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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