



## Rabbit Anti-Membrin antibody

SL18786R

<b>Product Name:</b>	Membrin
<b>Chinese Name:</b>	Membrin蛋白抗体
<b>Alias:</b>	2310032N09Rik; 27 kDa Golgi SNARE protein; Bos1; EPM6; Golgi SNAP receptor complex member 2; Golgi SNARE; Gosr2; GOSR2_HUMAN; Gs27; Membrin; SNARE.
<b>Organism Species:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>React Species:</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat,Pig,Cow,Horse,Rabbit,
<b>Applications:</b>	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Molecular weight:</b>	25kDa
<b>Cellular localization:</b>	cytoplasmic
<b>Form:</b>	Lyophilized or Liquid
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>immunogen:</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Membrin:101-200/212
<b>Lsotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Purification:</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
<b>PubMed:</b>	<a href="#">PubMed</a>
<b>Product Detail:</b>	This gene encodes a trafficking membrane protein which transports proteins among the medial- and trans-Golgi compartments. Due to its chromosomal location and trafficking function, this gene may be involved in familial essential hypertension. Three transcript variants encoding three different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Function:**

Involved in transport of proteins from the cis/medial-Golgi to the trans-Golgi network.

**Subcellular Location:**

Golgi apparatus membrane.

**DISEASE:**

Epilepsy, progressive myoclonic 6 (EPM6) [MIM:614018]: A neurologic disorder characterized by onset of ataxia in the first years of life, followed by action myoclonus and seizures later in childhood, and loss of independent ambulation in the second decade. Cognition is not usually affected, although mild memory difficulties may occur in the third decade.

**Similarity:**

Belongs to the GOSR2 family.

**SWISS:**

O14653

**Gene ID:**

9570

**Database links:**

[Entrez Gene: 9570](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 419973](#) Chicken

[Entrez Gene: 506198](#) Cow

[Entrez Gene: 610436](#) Dog

[Entrez Gene: 56494](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 64154](#) Rat

[Omim: 604027](#) Human

[SwissProt: O14653](#) Human

[SwissProt: O35166](#) Mouse

[SwissProt: O35165](#) Rat

[Unigene: 463278](#) Human

[Unigene: 195451](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 13518](#) Rat

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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