

Rabbit Anti-NOLC1 antibody

SL19315R

Product Name:	NOLC1
Chinese Name:	丙型肝炎病毒NS5A反式蛋白13抗体
Alias:	140 kDa nucleolar phosphoprotein; HCV NS5A trans regulated protein 13; HCV NS5A transactivated protein 13; HCV NS5A-transactivated protein 13; Hepatitis C virus NS5A transactivated protein 13; Hepatitis C virus NS5A-transactivated protein 13; KIAA0035; NOLC 1; NOLC1; NOLC1_HUMAN; NOPP 130; NOPP 140; NOPP130; Nopp140; NS5ATP13; Nucleolar 130 kDa protein; Nucleolar and coiled body phosphoprotein 1; Nucleolar and coiled-body phosphoprotein 1; Nucleolar phosphoprotein p130; Nucleolar protein p130; P130.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	74kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human NOLC1:621-699/699
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	Related to nucleologenesis, may play a role in the maintenance of the fundamental

structure of the fibrillar center and dense fibrillar component in the nucleolus. It has intrinsic GTPase and ATPase activities. May play an important role in transcription catalyzed by RNA polymerase I.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus > nucleolus. Cytoplasm. Shuttles between the nucleolus and the cytoplasm. At telophase it begins to assemble into granular-like pre-nucleolar bodies which are subsequently relocated to nucleoli at the early G1-phase.

Post-translational modifications:

Undergoes rapid and massive phosphorylation/dephosphorylation cycles on CK2 and PKC sites. There is evidence suggesting that CDK1 kinase phosphorylates p130 at the M-phase.

Similarity:

Contains 1 LisH domain.

SWISS: Q14978

Gene ID: 9221

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 9221 Human

Entrez Gene: 609496 Dog

Entrez Gene: 70769 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 64896 Rat

Omim: 602394 Human

SwissProt: Q14978 Human

SwissProt: P41777 Rat

Unigene: 523238 Human

Unigene: 402190 Mouse

Unigene: 9517 Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,
therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

