

Rabbit Anti-Semenogelin I/CT103 antibody

SL19631R

Product Name:	Semenogelin I/CT103
Chinese Name:	癌症/睾丸抗原103抗体
Alias:	Alpha-Inhibin-31; Alpha-Inhibin-92; Cancer/testis antigen 103; CT103; dJ172H20.2 (semenogelin I); dJ172H20.2; MGC14719; Semen coagulating protein; Semenogelin; Semenogelin I; SEMG; SEMG1; SEMG1_HUMAN; Seminal basic protein; seminal vesicle secretory protein 5; SgI; Svp-1; Svp5; SVPIIA; Svs2; SVS2P; Svs2p2; Svs5.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100- 500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	52kDa
Cellular localization:	Secretory protein
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Semenogelin I/CT103:381-462/462
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	The protein encoded by this gene is the predominant protein in semen. The encoded secreted protein is involved in the formation of a gel matrix that encases ejaculated spermatozoa. The prostate-specific antigen (PSA) protease processes this protein into

smaller peptides, with each possibly having a separate function. The proteolysis process breaks down the gel matrix and allows the spermatozoa to move more freely. The antimicrobial peptide SgI-29 is an antimicrobial peptide with antibacterial activity. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2014]

Function:

Predominant protein in semen. It participates in the formation of a gel matrix entrapping the accessory gland secretions and ejaculated spermatozoa. Fragments of semenogelin and/or fragments of the related proteins may contribute to the activation of progressive sperm movements as the gel-forming proteins are fragmented by KLK3/PSA.

Alpha-inhibin-92 and alpha-inhibin-31, derived from the proteolytic degradation of semenogelin, inhibit the secretion of pituitary follicle-stimulating hormone.

Subcellular Location: Secreted.

Tissue Specificity: Seminal vesicle.

Post-translational modifications:

Transglutaminase substrate.

Rapidly cleaved after ejaculation by KLK3/PSA, resulting in liquefaction of the semen coagulum and the progressive release of motile spermatozoa.

Similarity: Belongs to the semenogelin family.

SWISS: P04279

Gene ID: 6406

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 6406 Human

Entrez Gene: 20944 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 25013 Rat

Omim: 182140 Human

SwissProt: P04279 Human

Unigene: 1968 Human
Important Note: This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,
therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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