

# **Rabbit Anti-SOD2 antibody**

## SL23402R

<b>Product Name:</b>	SOD2
Chinese Name:	超氧化物歧化酶2抗体
Alias:	IPO B; Manganese SOD; Superoxide Dismutase 2; Manganese superoxide dismutase; Mn SOD; MNSOD; SOD 2; SOD-2; SOD2; Superoxide dismutase [Mn] mitochondrial; Superoxide dismutase [Mn] mitochondrial precursor; Superoxide dismutase 2 mitochondrial; SODM_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Horse,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-
	500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	22kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmic Mitochondrion
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SOD2:21-120/222
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year
	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed Color of the Color of th
Product Detail:	This gene is a member of the iron/manganese superoxide dismutase family. It encodes a
	mitochondrial protein that forms a homotetramer and binds one manganese ion per
	subunit. This protein binds to the superoxide byproducts of oxidative phosphorylation and converts them to hydrogen peroxide and diatomic oxygen. Mutations in this gene
	and converts them to hydrogen peroxide and diatornic oxygen. Mutations in this gene

have been associated with idiopathic cardiomyopathy (IDC), premature aging, sporadic motor neuron disease, and cancer. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

#### Function:

Destroys superoxide anion radicals which are normally produced within the cells and which are toxic to biological systems.

#### **Subunit:**

Homotetramer.

#### **Subcellular Location:**

Mitochondrion matrix.

## Post-translational modifications:

Nitrated under oxidative stress. Nitration coupled with oxidation inhibits the catalytic activity.

Acetylation at Lys-122 decreases enzymatic activity. Deacetylated by SIRT3 upon exposure to ionizing radiations or after long fasting.

#### **DISEASE:**

Microvascular complications of diabetes 6 (MVCD6) [MIM:612634]: Pathological conditions that develop in numerous tissues and organs as a consequence of diabetes mellitus. They include diabetic retinopathy, diabetic nephropathy leading to end-stage renal disease, and diabetic neuropathy. Diabetic retinopathy remains the major cause of new-onset blindness among diabetic adults. It is characterized by vascular permeability and increased tissue ischemia and angiogenesis. Note=Disease susceptibility is associated with variations affecting the gene represented in this entry.

### Similarity:

Belongs to the iron/manganese superoxide dismutase family.

#### **SWISS:**

P04179

#### Gene ID:

6648

#### Database links:

Entrez Gene: 374042 Chicken

Entrez Gene: 281496Cow

Entrez Gene: 476258Dog

Entrez Gene: 6648Human

Entrez Gene: 20656 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 100154319Pig

Entrez Gene: 24787Rat

Omim: 147460Human

SwissProt: P41976Cow

Sw<u>issProt: P04179</u>Human

SwissProt: P09671Mouse

SwissProt: P41982Rabbit

SwissProt: P07895Rat

Unigene: 487046Human

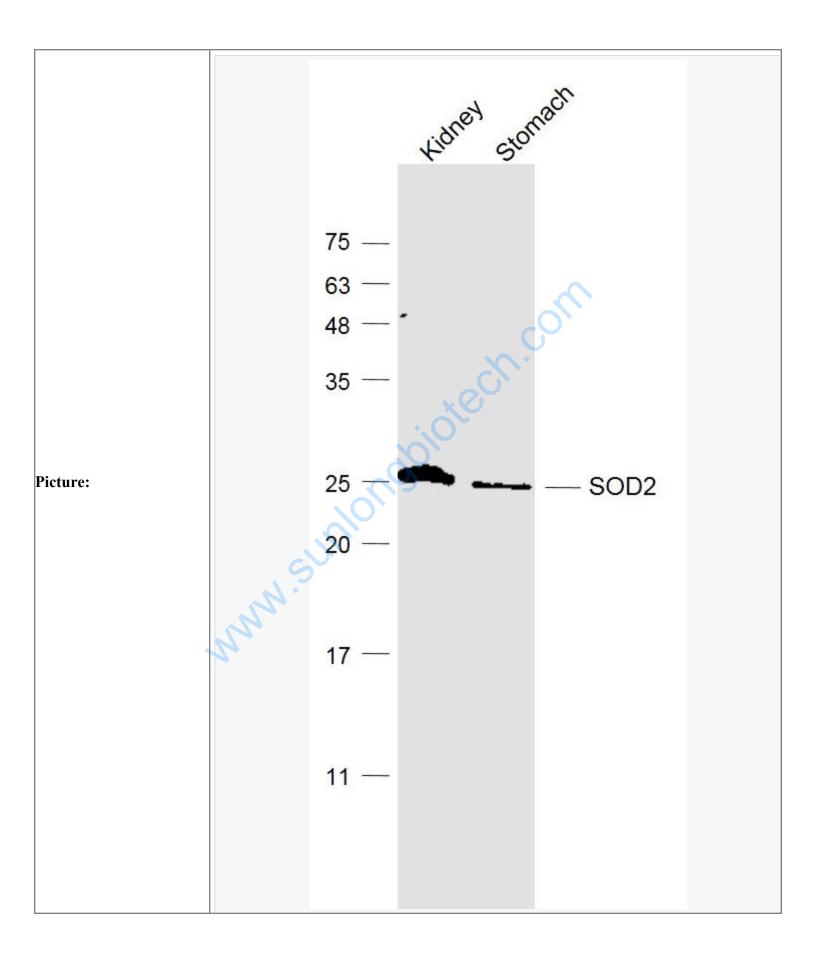
Unigene: 290876Mouse

Unigene: 10488Rat

## Important Note:

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This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



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