

Rabbit Anti-CD3D antibody

SL23465R

Product Name:	CD3D
Chinese Name:	CD3D抗体
Alias:	CD3 antigen delta subunit;CD3 delta;CD3d antigen delta polypeptide;CD3d molecule delta;CD3D_HUMAN;IMD19;OKT3 delta chain ;T cell receptor T3 delta chain ;T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 delta chain;T3D.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100- 500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	19kDa 🤇 🎾
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CD3D:31- 120/171 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	CD3D (CD3d Molecule) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with CD3D include Immunodeficiency 19 and T-B+ Severe Combined Immunodeficiency Due To Cd3delta/Cd3epsilon/Cd3zeta. Among its related pathways are ICos-ICosL Pathway in T-Helper Cell and CTLA4 Signaling. GO annotations related to this gene include

protein heterodimerization activity and transmembrane signaling receptor activity. An important paralog of this gene is CD3G.

Function:

The CD3 complex mediates signal transduction.

Subunit:

The TCR/CD3 complex of T-lymphocytes consists of either a TCR alpha/beta or TCR gamma/delta heterodimer coexpressed at the cell surface with the invariant subunits of CD3 labeled gamma, delta, epsilon, zeta, and eta

Subcellular Location: Membrane.

DISEASE:

Defects in CD3D are a cause of severe combined immunodeficiency autosomal recessive T-cell-negative/B-cell-positive/NK-cell-positive (T(-)/B(+)/NK(+) SCID) [MIM:608971]. A form of severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID), a genetically and clinically heterogeneous group of rare congenital disorders characterized by impairment of both humoral and cell-mediated immunity, leukopenia, and low or absent antibody levels. Patients present in infancy recurrent, persistent infections by opportunistic organisms. The common characteristic of all types of SCID is absence of T-cell-mediated cellular immunity due to a defect in T-cell development.

Similarity: Contains 1 ITAM domain.

SWISS: P04234

Gene ID: 915

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 915Human

Entrez Gene: 12500 Mouse

<u>Omim: 186790</u>Human

SwissProt: P04234Human

SwissProt: P04235Mouse

Unigene: 504048Human

Unigene: 4527 Mouse





