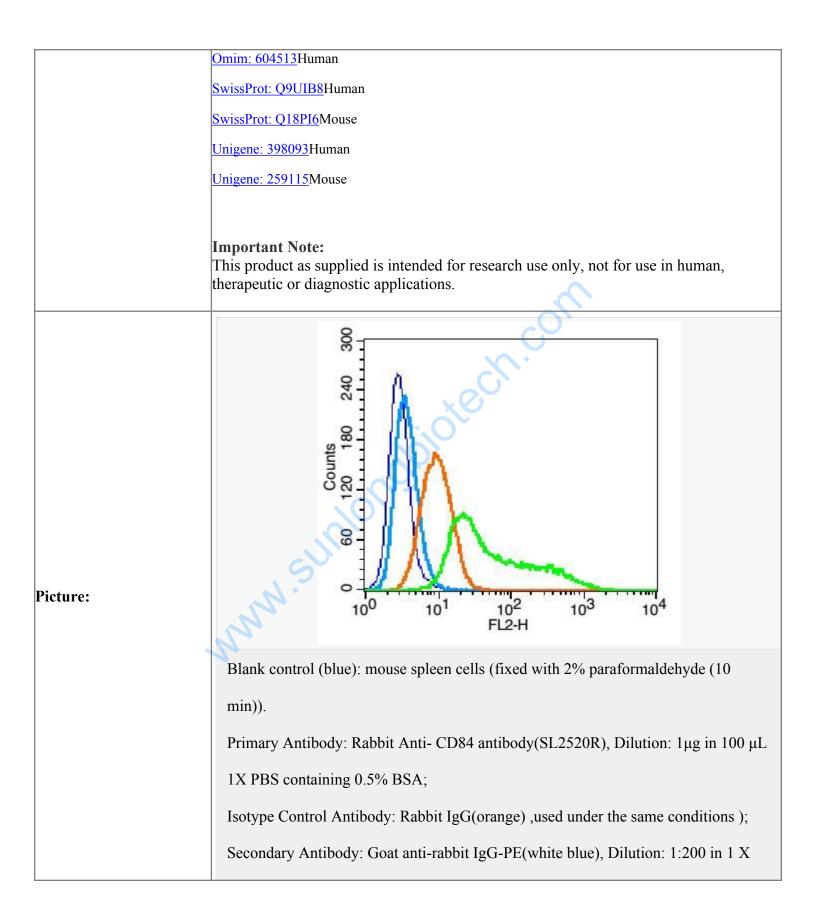


Rabbit Anti-CD84 antibody

SL2520R

Product Name:	CD84
Chinese Name:	CD84抗体
Alias:	SLAM family member 5; Cell surface antigen MAX.3; eukocyte differentiation antigen; Hly9 beta; Leukocyte Antigen; Leukocyte differentiation antigen CD84; LY9B; Signaling lymphocytic activation molecule 5; SLAM family member 5; SLAMF5; SLAF5_MOUSE.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Mouse,Rat,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000Flow-Cyt=1µg/Test not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	35kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from mouse CD84:231-329/329
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	This gene encodes a membrane glycoprotein that is a member of the signaling lymphocyte activation molecule (SLAM) family. This family forms a subset of the larger CD2 cell-surface receptor Ig superfamily. The encoded protein is a homophilic adhesion molecule that is expressed in numerous immune cells types and is involved in regulating receptor-mediated signaling in those cells. Alternate splicing results in

multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2011]
Function:
Plays a role as adhesion receptor functioning by homophilic interactions and by clustering. Recruits SH2 domain-containing proteins SH2D1A/SAP. Increases proliferative responses of activated T-cells and SH2D1A/SAP does not seen be required for this process. Homophilic interactions enhance interferon gamma/IFNG secretion in lymphocytes and induce platelet stimulation via a SH2D1A/SAP-dependent pathway. May serve as a marker for hematopoietic progenitor cells.
Subunit:
Homodimer; via its extracellular domain. Forms a head to tail dimer with a CD48 molecule from another cell. Interacts with SH2 domain-containing proteins SH2D1A/SAP and SH2D1B/hEAT-2. Interacts with tyrosine-protein phosphatases PTPN6 and PTPN11 via its phosphorylated cytoplasmic domain, and this interaction is blocked by SH2D1A.
Subcellular Location:
Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.
Tissue Specificity:
Predominantly expressed in hematopoietic tissues such as lymph node, spleen, thymus, and bone marrow. Detected also in lung.
Post-translational modifications:
Phosphorylated by tyrosine-protein kinase LCK on tyrosine residues following ligation induced by agonist monoclonal antibody. The association with SH2D1A/SAP is dependent of tyrosines phosphorylation of its cytoplasmic domain Phosphorylated on Tyr-280 and Tyr-300 following platelet aggregation. N-glycosylated (By similarity).
Similarity: Contains 1 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like)
SWISS:
Q18PI6
Gene ID:
12523
Database links:
Entrez Gene: 8832Human
Entrez Gene: 12523Mouse
Entrez Gene: 501872Rat



PBS containing 0.5% BSA.

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