

# **Rabbit Anti-TFPI antibody**

# SL2535R

<b>Product Name:</b>	TFPI
Chinese Name:	组织 <b>因子途径抑制</b> 剂 <b>抗体</b>
Alias:	Tissue factor pathway inhibitor-1; convertin; EPI; Extrinsic pathway inhibitor; LACI; Lipoprotein associated coagulation inhibitor; TFI; TFPI 1; TFPI1; Tissue factor pathway inhibitor; TFPI1_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	32kDa
Cellular localization:	Secretory protein
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human TFPI:101-200/304
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	TFPI is a protease inhibitor that regulates the tissue factor (TF)-dependent pathway of blood coagulation. The coagulation process initiates with the formation of a factor VIIa-TF complex, which proteolytically activates additional proteases (factors IX and X) and ultimately leads to the formation of a fibrin clot. TFPI inhibits the activated factor X and VIIa-TF proteases in an autoregulatory loop. TFPI is glycosylated and

predominantly found in the vascular endothelium and plasma in both free forms and complexed with plasma lipoproteins.

#### Function:

Inhibits factor X(X(a)) directly and, in a Xa-dependent way, inhibits VIIa/tissue factor activity, presumably by forming a quaternary Xa/LACI/VIIa/TF complex. It possesses an antithrombotic action and also the ability to associate with lipoproteins in plasma.

#### Subcellular Location:

Isoform Alpha: Secreted.

Isoform Beta: Microsome membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor.

### Tissue Specificity:

Mostly in endothelial cells.

#### Post-translational modifications:

O-glycosylated.

## Similarity:

Contains 3 BPTI/Kunitz inhibitor domains.

### **SWISS:**

P10646

#### Gene ID:

7035

#### Database links:

Entrez Gene: 7035Human

Entrez Gene: 21788 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 29436Rat

Omim: 152310Human

SwissProt: P10646Human

SwissProt: O54819Mouse

SwissProt: Q02445Rat

Unigene: 516578Human

Unigene: 124316 Mouse

Unigene: 447013Mouse

Unigene: 15795Rat

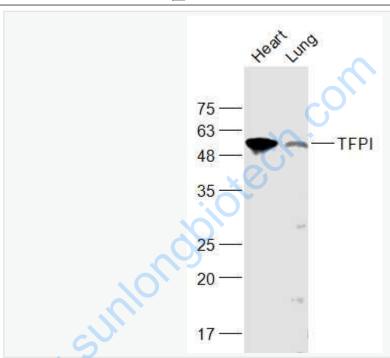
## Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

组织因子途径抑制因子(tissue factor pathway in hibitor,

TFPI)是组织因子凝血途径的主要抑制因子,

组织因子途径抑制因子在诸如动脉粥样硬化,血管再狭窄,弥漫性血管内凝血DIC等方面,有一定的研究价值。



## Picture:

# Sample:

Heart (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Lung (Rat) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti-TFPI (SL2535R) at 1/1000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 32 kD

Observed band size: 52 kD