

# Rabbit Anti-Phospho-PKA alpha + beta (Thr198) antibody

# SL3725R

Phospho-PKA alpha + beta (Thr198)
磷酸化蛋白激酶C亚性抗体
Phospho-PRKACB(Thr198); Phospho-PKA alpha + beta(Thr198); PKA alpha + beta (catalytic subunits) (phospho T198); C alpha; cAMP dependent protein kinase beta catalytic subunit; cAMP dependent protein kinase alpha catalytic subunit; cAMP dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha; cAMP dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit beta; Cs; PKA; PKA C; PKA C alpha; PKA C beta; PKACA; PKACB; PRKACA; PRKACB; Protein kinase cAMP dependent catalytic alpha; Protein kinase cAMP dependent catalytic beta isoform a; Protein kinase cAMP dependent catalytic beta isoform b; KAPCB_HUMAN; PKA C-beta.
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Cow,
ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
40kDa
The nucleuscytoplasmicThe cell membrane
Lyophilized or Liquid
1mg/ml
KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human PRKACB around the phosphorylation site of Thr198:TW(p-T)LC
IgG
affinity purified by Protein A
0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

# Storage:

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

#### PubMed:

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PRKACA and PRKACB are members of the Ser/Thr protein kinase family and are a catalytic subunit of cAMP-dependent protein kinase. cAMP is a signaling molecule important for a variety of cellular functions. cAMP exerts its effects by activating the cAMP-dependent protein kinase, which transduces the signal through phosphorylation of different target proteins. The inactive kinase holoenzyme is a tetramer composed of two regulatory and two catalytic subunits. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits.

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#### Product Detail:

# Function:

Mediates cAMP-dependent signaling triggered by receptor binding to GPCRs. PKA activation regulates diverse cellular processes such as cell proliferation, the cell cycle, differentiation and regulation of microtubule dynamics, chromatin condensation and decondensation, nuclear envelope disassembly and reassembly, as well as regulation of intracellular transport mechanisms and ion flux. Regulates the abundance of compartmentalized pools of its regulatory subunits through phosphorylation of PJA2 which binds and ubiquitinates these subunits, leading to their subsequent proteolysis.

#### Subunit:

A number of inactive tetrameric holoenzymes are produced by the combination of homo- or heterodimers of the different regulatory subunits associated with two catalytic subunits. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits. The cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit binds PJA2.

#### **Subcellular Location:**

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Nucleus. Note=Translocates into the nucleus (monomeric catalytic subunit). The inactive holoenzyme is found in the cytoplasm.

# Tissue Specificity:

Isoform 1 is most abundant in the brain, with low level expression in kidney. Isoform 2

is predominantly expressed in thymus, spleen and kidney. Isoform 3 and isoform 4 are only expressed in the brain.

# **Post-translational modifications:**

Asn-3 is partially deaminated to Asp giving rise to 2 major isoelectric variants, called CB and CA respectively.

# Similarity:

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. AGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. cAMP subfamily.

Contains 1 AGC-kinase C-terminal domain.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

# SWISS:

P22694

#### Gene ID:

5567

#### Database links:

Entrez Gene: 5567Human

Entrez Gene: 18749 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 293508Rat

Omim: 601639Human

SwissProt: P22694Human

SwissProt: P68181Mouse

SwissProt: P68182Rat

Unigene: 631630Human

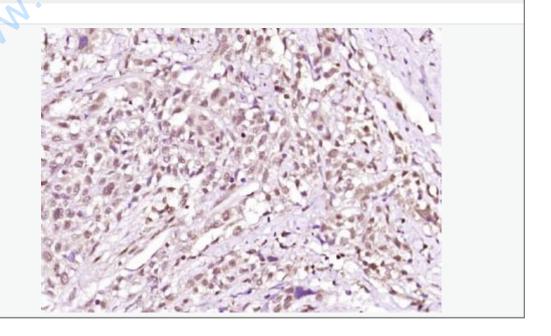
# **Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Phospho-PKA alpha + beta (Thr198)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL3725R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by

operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

Picture:



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human colon cancer); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Phospho-PKA alpha + beta (Thr198)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL3725R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining. MININ SURPOROBIOTE CHI.C.