

Rabbit Anti-ECT2 antibody

SL4102R

Product Name:	ECT2
Chinese Name:	epithelial cells癌转化蛋白2抗体
Alias:	ECT 2; ECT2; ECT2 protein; Epithelial cell transforming sequence 2; Epithelial cell transforming sequence 2 oncogene; Epithelial cell transforming sequence 2 oncogene protein; FLJ10461; MGC138291; Protein ECT2; ECT2_HUMAN; Epithelial cell-transforming sequence 2 oncogene.
	Specific References(2) SL4102R has been referenced in 2 publications. [IF=2.08] Wang, H-B., H-C. Yan, and Y. Liu. "Clinical significance of ECT2"
文献引用	expression in tissue and serum of gastric cancer patients." Clinical and Translational
	Oncology (2015): 1-8.WB;Human.
Pub Med	PubMed:26497353
:	[IF=2,49]Guo, Zhenghui, et al. "Elevated levels of epithelial cell transforming sequence
	2 predicts poor prognosis for prostate cancer." Medical Oncology 34.1 (2017): 13.IHC-
	P;Human.
	PubMed:28012134
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Cow, Rabbit,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	100kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid

Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ECT2:781-883/914
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	The protein encoded by this gene is a transforming protein that is related to Rhospecific exchange factors and yeast cell cycle regulators. The expression of this gene is elevated with the onset of DNA synthesis and remains elevated during G2 and M phases. In situ hybridization analysis showed that expression is at a high level in cells undergoing mitosis in regenerating liver. Thus, this protein is expressed in a cell cycle-dependent manner during liver regeneration, and is thought to have an important role in the regulation of cytokinesis. [provided by RefSeq]. Function: Guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) that catalyzes the exchange of GDP for GTP. Promotes guanine nucleotide exchange on the Rho family members of small GTPases, like RHOA, RHOC, RAC1 and CDC42. Required for signal transduction pathways involved in the regulation of cytokinesis. Component of the centralspindlin complex that serves as a microtubule-dependent and Rho-mediated signaling required for the myosin contractile ring formation during the cell cycle cytokinesis. Regulates the translocation of RHOA from the central spindle to the equatorial region. Plays a role in the control of mitotic spindle assembly; regulates the activation of CDC42 in metaphase for the process of spindle fibers attachment to kinetochores before chromosome congression. Involved in the regulation of epithelial cell polarity; participates in the formation of epithelial tight junctions in a polarity complex PARD3-PARD6-protein kinase PRKCQ-dependent manner. Plays a role in the regulation of neurite outgrowth. Inhibits Phenobarbital (PB)-induced NR113 nuclear translocation. Stimulates the activity of RAC1 through its association with the oncogenic PARD6A-PRKCI complex in cancer cells, thereby acting to coordinately drive tumor cell proliferation and invasion. Also stimulates genotoxic stress-induced RHOB activity in breast cancer cells leading to their cell death. Subunit: Interacts with NR113 (By similarity). Homodimer. Homooligomer. Found in the centralspindli
	PRKCI; the interaction is observed in cancer cells. Interacts (1nr-359 phosphorylated form) with PRKCI; the interaction is observed at the midbody. Interacts with RACGAP1; the interaction is direct, occurs in a microtubule-dependent manner, is inhibited in metaphase by phosphorylation of ECT2 on Thr-373 and is stimulated in early anaphase by dephosphorylation of ECT2 probably on Thr-373 through CDK1 activity. Interacts with PLK1; the interaction is

stimulated upon its phosphorylation on Thr-444. Associates with RACGAP1 at anaphase and during cytokinesis. Interacts with KIF23, PARD3, PARD6A, PARD6B and PRKCQ.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cleavage furrow. Midbody. Cell junction. Cell junction, tight junction. Note=Sequestered within the nucleus during interphase. Dispersed throughout the cytoplasm upon breakdown of the nuclear envelope during mitosis. Colocalizes with the centralspindlin complex to the mitotic spindles during anaphase/metaphase, the cleavage furrow during telophase and at the midbody at the end of cytokinesis. Colocalized with RhoA at the midbody. Its subcellular localization to tight junction is increased by calcium. Localized predominantly in the cytoplasm of numerous carcinoma cells.

Tissue Specificity:

Expressed in lung epithelial cells (at protein level). Expressed in squamous cell carcinoma, primary non-small cell lung cancer tumors and lung adenocarcinoma. [INDUCTION] Up-regulated by calcium in cells forming cell-cell contact sites. Up-regulated by DNA damaging agents like H(2)O(2) or ionizing radiation (IR).

Post-translational modifications:

Phosphorylated by PLK1 in vitro. Hyperphosphorylated during the G2 phase of the cell cycle. Phosphorylation at Thr-373 occurs during the G2/M phase, relieves its auto-inhibition status and stimulates its GEF activity. Phosphorylation at Thr-444 in G2/M phase is required for subsequent binding with PLK1 and Rho exchange activation. Dephosphorylated at the time of cytokinesis. Phosphorylation at Thr-359 is required for its transformation activity in cancer cells.

Similarity:

Contains 2 BRCT domains.

Contains 1 DH (DBL-homology) domain.

Contains 1 PH domain.

SWISS:

O9H8V3

Gene ID:

1894

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 1894Human

Entrez Gene: 13605Mouse

Entrez Gene: 361921Rat

Omim: 600586Human SwissProt: Q9H8V3Human

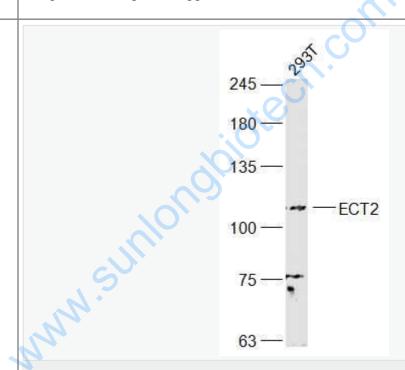
SwissProt: Q07139Mouse

Unigene: 261453 Mouse

Unigene: 168292Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Sample:

293T(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-ECT2 (SL4102R) at 1/1000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 100 kD

Observed band size: 108 kD

www.surionabiotechr.com