

Rabbit Anti-phospho-IRE1a (Ser 726) antibody

SL4308R

phospho-IRE1a (Ser 726)
磷酸化内质网核Signal transduction蛋白al抗体
p-IRE1a (phospho-Ser 726); IRE1 (phospho S726); IRE1 alpha (p-Ser726); Endoplasmic reticulum (ER) to nucleus signalling 1; Endoplasmic reticulum to nucleus signaling 1; Endoplasmic reticulum-to-nucleus signaling 1; Endoribonuclease; ER to nucleus signaling 1; ERN 1; ERN1; ERN1_HUMAN; hIRE 1p; hIRE1p; Inositol requiring 1; Inositol requiring protein 1; Inositol-requiring protein 1; IRE 1; IRE 1a; IRE 1p; Ire1 alpha; Ire1-alpha; IRE1a; Ire1alpha; IRE1p; MGC163277; Protein kinase/endoribonuclease; Serine/threonine protein kinase/endoribonuclease IRE1.ERN1_HUMAN
Specific References(2) SL4308R has been referenced in 2 publications.
[IF=4.19]Xu, Demei, et al. "Polychlorinated biphenyl quinone induces endoplasmic
reticulum stress, unfolded protein response and calcium release." Chemical Research in
Toxicology (2015).WB;Human.
PubMed:25950987
[IF=4.86] Jiang, Mingfang, et al. "Down-regulation of miR-384-5p Attenuates Rotenone-
induced Neurotoxicity in Dopaminergic SH-SY5Y Cells Through Inhibiting
Endoplasmic Reticulum Stress." American Journal of Physiology-Cell Physiology
(2016): ajpcell-00226. WB;Human .
<u>PubMed:26864693</u>
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit,
ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800Flow-Cyt=1ug/testICC=1:100-

not yet tested in other applications, optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user. Molecular weight: 107kDa		700TF 1 100 700 / P CC
optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user. Molecular weight: Cellular localization: Form: Lyophilized or Liquid Concentration: Img/ml KLH conjugated synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human IRE1a around the phosphorylation site of Scr726 :SF(p-S)RR Lsotype: IgG Purification: Storage Buffer: O.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glyccrol. Storage: Sto		500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
Molecular weight: Cellular localization: cytoplasmicThe cell membrane Form: Lyophilized or Liquid Concentration: Img/ml K1.H conjugated synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human IRE1a around the phosphorylation site of Ser726 :SF(p-S)RR Lsotype: lgG Purification: Storage Buffer: O.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Storage ar -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH.7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C. PubMed: PubMed Senses unfolded proteins in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum via its N-terminal domain which leads to enzyme auto-activation. The active endoribonuclease domain splices XBP1 mRNA to generate a new C-terminus, converting it and a potent unfolded-protein response transcriptional activator and triggering growth arrest and apoptosis. Function: Senses unfolded proteins in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum via its N-terminal domain which leads to enzyme auto-activation. The active endoribonuclease domain splices XBP1 mRNA to generate a new C-terminus, converting it into a potent unfolded-protein response transcriptional activator and triggering growth arrest and apoptosis. Function: Senses unfolded proteins in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum via its N-terminal domain which leads to enzyme auto-activation. The active endoribonuclease domain splices XBP1 mRNA to generate a new C-terminus, converting it into a potent unfolded-protein response transcriptional activator and triggering growth arrest and apoptosis. Submit: Homodimer; disulfide-linked. Dimer formation is driven by hydrophobic interactions within the N-terminal luminal domains and stabilized by disulfide bridges. Also binds HSPA5, a negative regulator of the unfolded protein response. This interaction may disrupt homodimer; disulfide-linked. Dimer formation of ERN1.		
Cellular localization: cytoplasmicThe cell membrane Form: Lyophilized or Liquid Concentration: Img/ml immunogen: KLH conjugated synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human IRE1a around the phosphorylation site of Ser726 :SF(p-S)RR Lsotype: IgG Purification: affinity purified by Protein A Storage Buffer: 0.01 M TBS(pH1.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Storage Buffer: Storage antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH1.74 0.01 M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4°C. PubMed: PubMed Senses unfolded proteins in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum via its N-terminal domain which leads to enzyme auto-activation. The active endoribonuclease domain splices XBP1 mRNA to generate a new C-terminus, converting it into a potent unfolded-protein response transcriptional activator and triggering growth arrest and apoptosis. Function: Senses unfolded proteins in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum via its N-terminal domain which leads to enzyme auto-activation. The active endoribonuclease domain splices XBP1 mRNA to generate a new C-terminus, converting it into a potent unfolded-protein response transcriptional activator and triggering growth arrest and apoptosis. Function: Senses unfolded proteins in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum via its N-terminal domain which leads to enzyme auto-activation. The active endoribonuclease domain splices XBP1 mRNA to generate a new C-terminus, converting it into a potent unfolded-protein response transcriptional activator and triggering growth arrest and apoptosis. Subunit: Homodimer; disulfide-linked, Dimer formation is driven by hydrophobic interactions within the N-terminal luminal domains and stabilized by disulfide bridges. Also binds HSPA5, a negative regulator of the unfolded protein response. This interaction may disrupt homodimerization and prevent activation of ERN1. Interacts with TAOK3 and TRAF2. Subcel	75 7 7 7 7	
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Storage: Storag	Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
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		Tissue Specificity: Ubiquitously expressed. High levels observed in pancreatic tissue. Post-translational modifications: Autophosphorylated.
		Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Ser/Thr protein kinase family.

Contains 1 KEN domain.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

SWISS: 075460

Gene ID: 2081

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 2081Human

Entrez Gene: 78943Mouse

Entrez Gene: 498013Rat

Omim: 604033Human

SwissProt: 075460Human

SwissProt: Q9EQY0Mouse

Unigene: 133982Human

Unigene: 592041Human

Unigene: 700027Human

Unigene: 20452Mouse

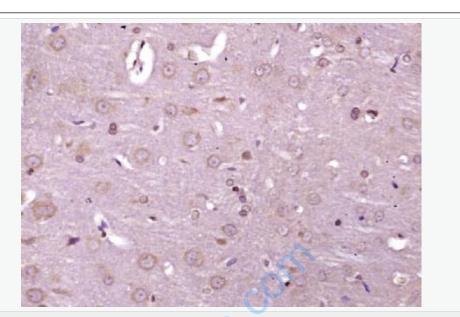
Unigene: 340943 Mouse

Unigene: 226435Rat

Important Note:

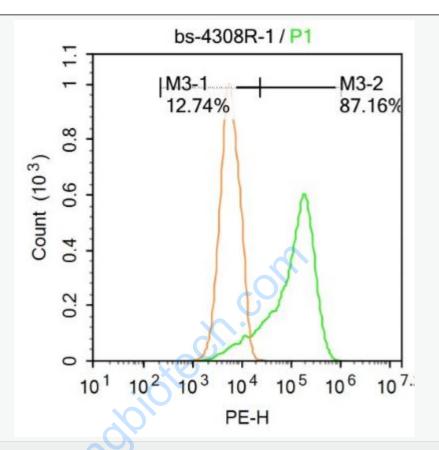
This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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Picture:

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat brain tissue); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (IRE1a (Ser 726)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL4308R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Blank control: Raji.

Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-phospho-IRE1a (Ser 726) antibody (SL4308R)

Dilution: 1µg/10^6 cells;

Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG.

Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE

Dilution: 1µg /test.

Protocol

The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature) and then permeabilized with PBST for 20 min at room temperature. The cells were then incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at

at room temperature .Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room
temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature.
Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.

